

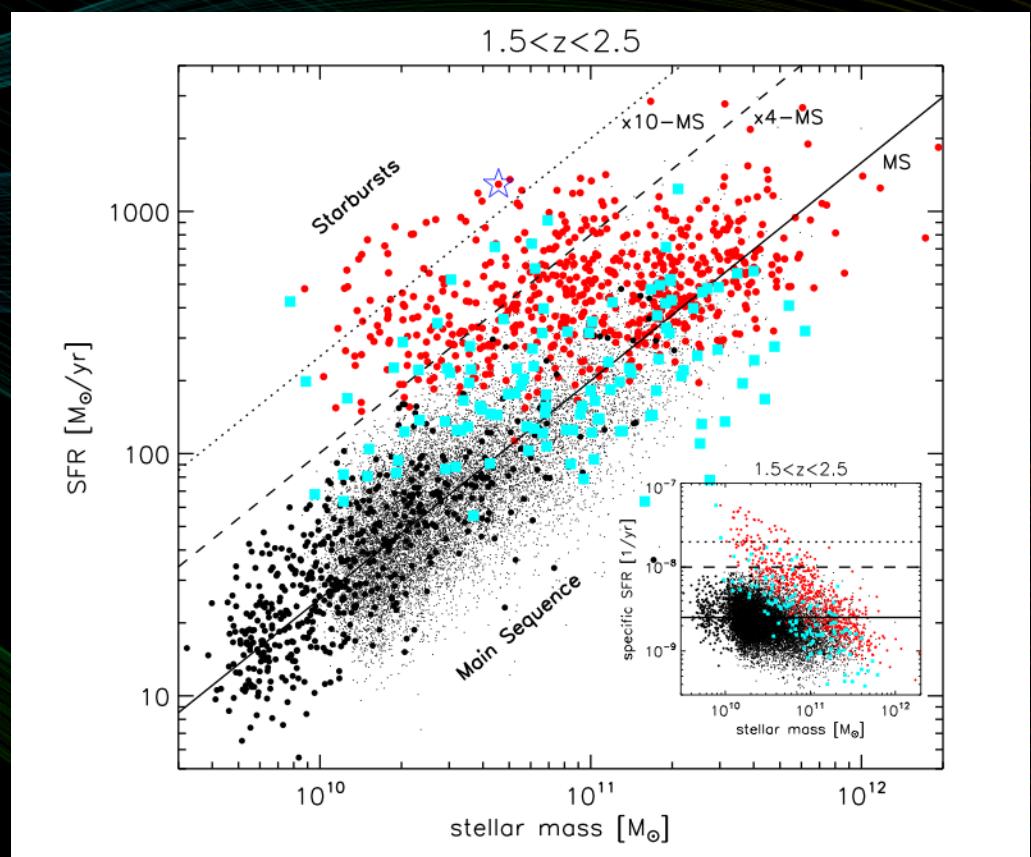
Probing the AGN - Star formation connection through the Lens of the Star Formation Reference Survey (SFRS)

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- Fundamental galaxy properties:
 - Star formation rate (SFR)
 - Stellar mass
- Variety of results depending on the methods used to derive them.
- Where is the locus of the AGN–host galaxies in the MS plane ?
- Importance to set constrains and measure accurately those properties.

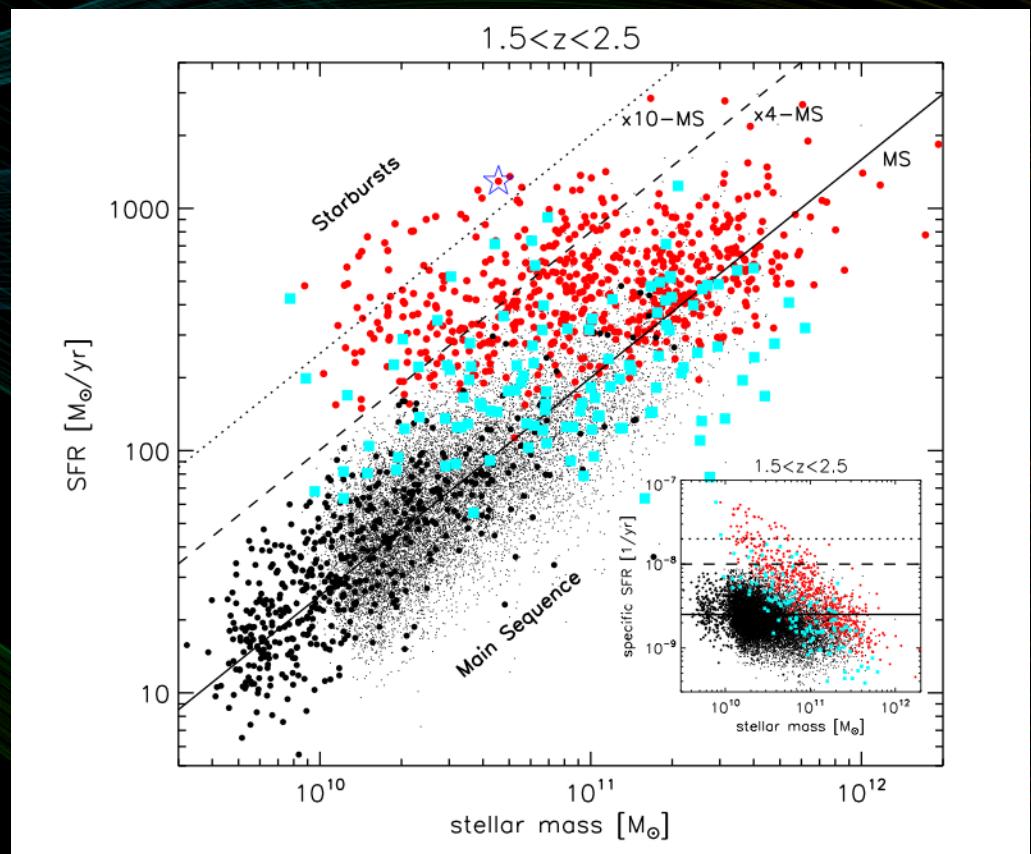
Main Sequence of Galaxies



G. Rodighiero et al. 2011

What we need:

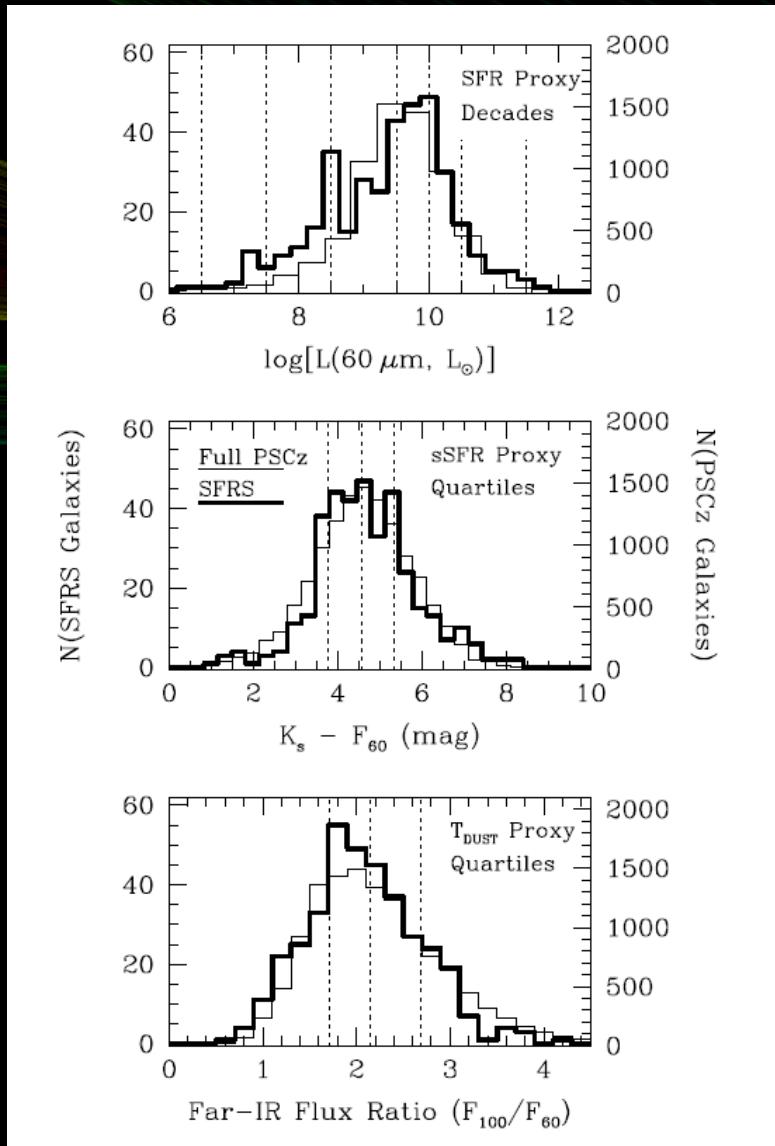
- A well-defined sample of galaxies.
- Precise methods to identify activity types.
- Constraints on the galaxy properties.



G. Rodighiero et al. 2011

The Star Formation Reference Survey (SFRS)

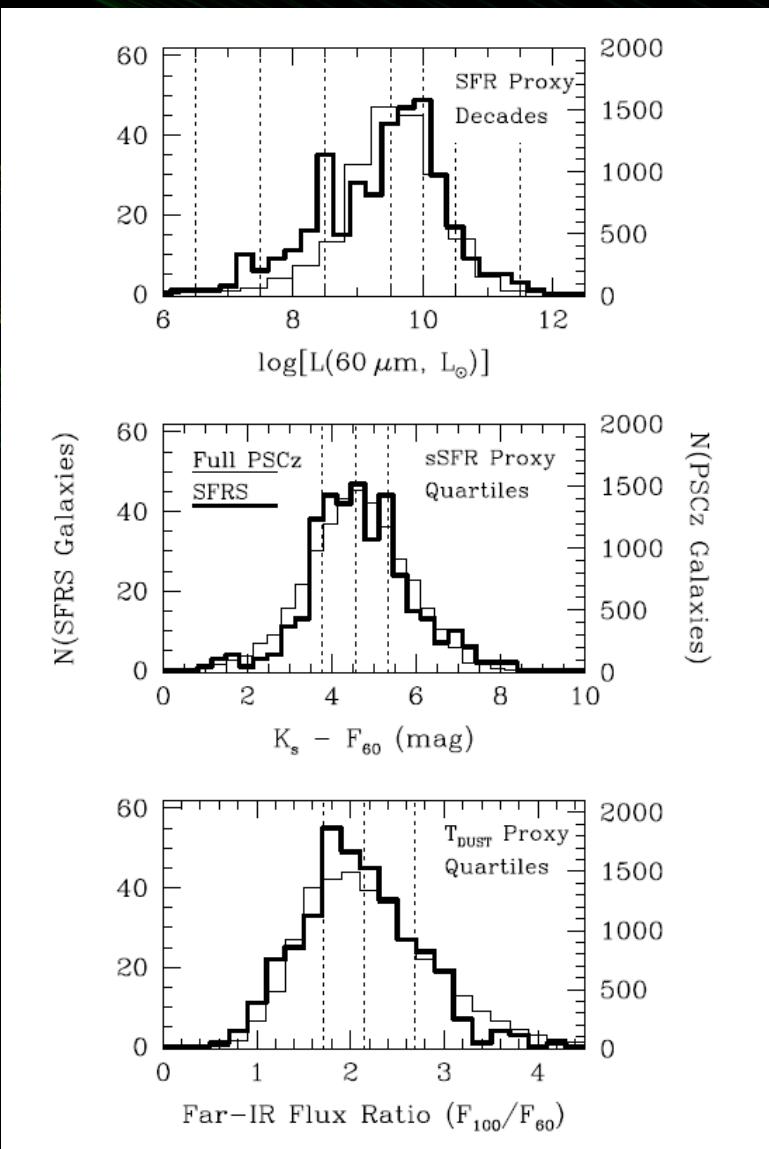
(Ashby et al. 2011)



- 369 Infrared selected nearby galaxies representative of the 3D-space:
 - Star Formation Rate (SFR)
 - Specific SFR (sSFR)
 - Interstellar dust temperature

The Star Formation Reference Survey (SFRS)

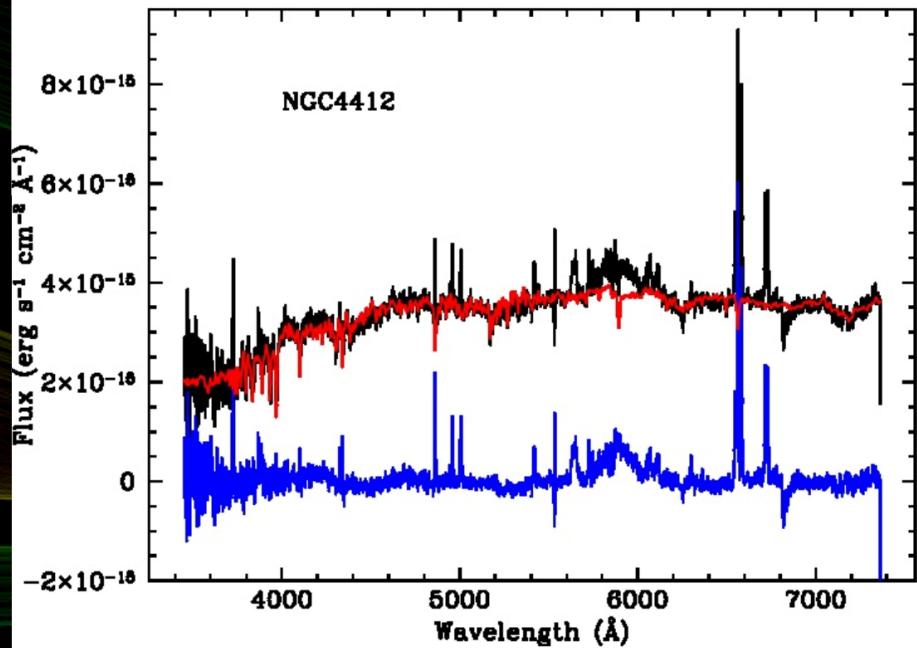
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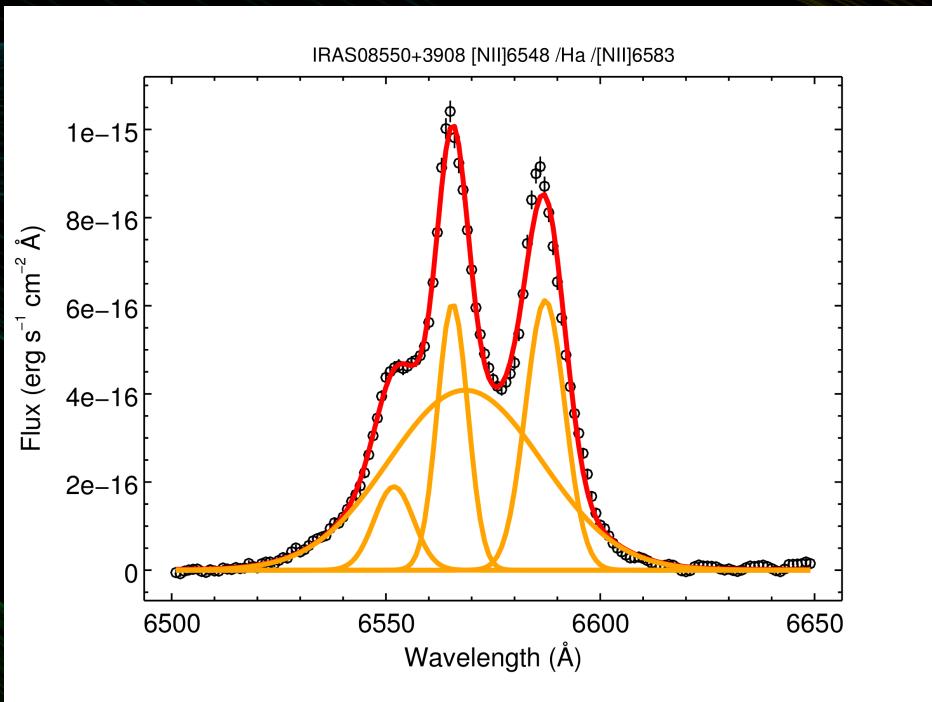
Waveband	Observatory	Sample Coverage
1.4 Ghz	VLA/NVSS	100%
12, 25, 60, 10 μm	IRAS	100%
24 μm	Spitzer/MIPS	70%
3.6, 4.5, 5.8, 8.0 μm	Spitzer/MIPS	100%
JHKs	2MASS	100%
ugriz	SDSS	100%
Optical Spectra	SDSS/FLWO	100%
Ha imaging	NAOC	30% (on-going)
0.13-0.28 μm	GALEX	90%

Star-light Subtracted Integrated & Nuclear Spectra

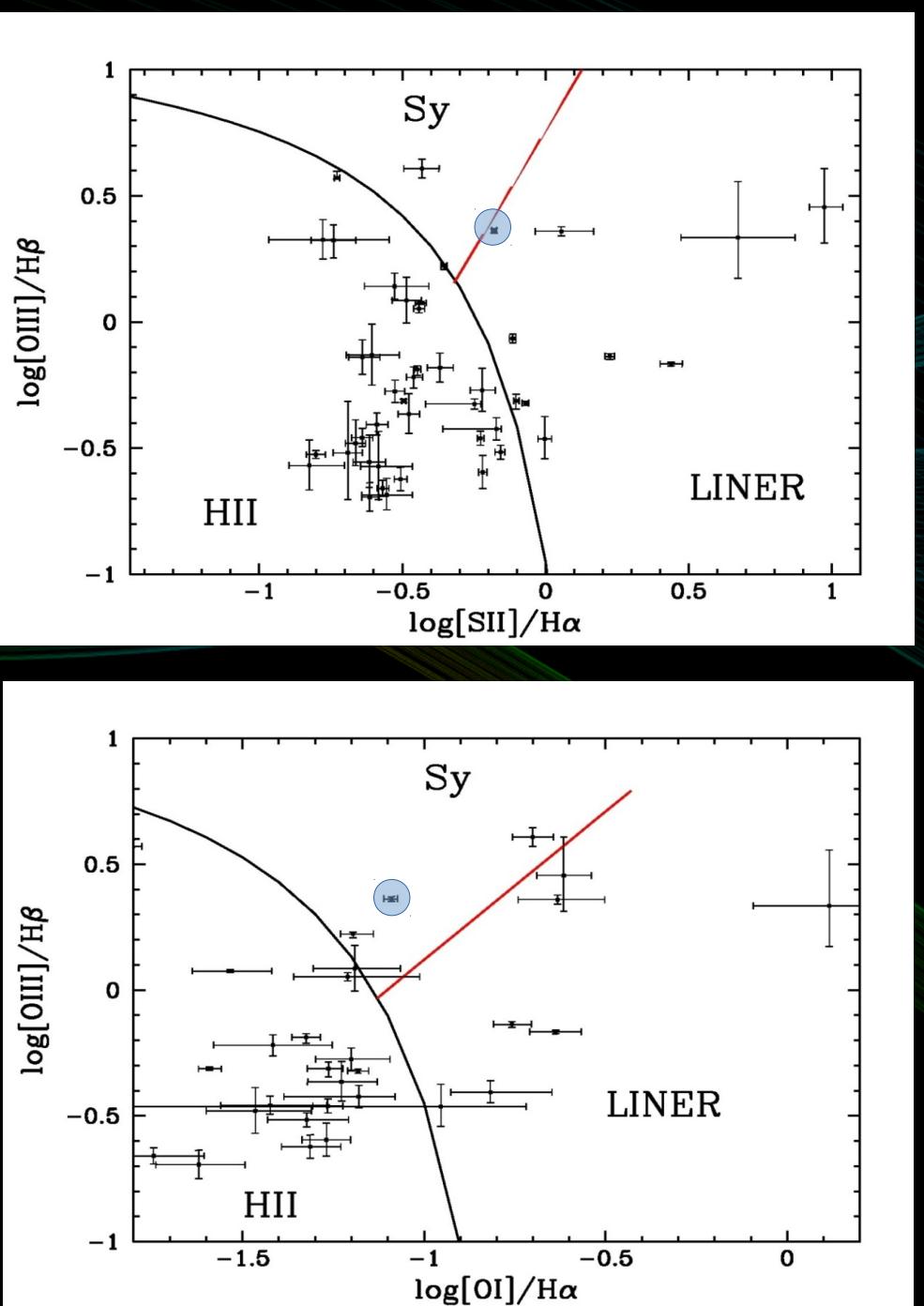


STARLIGHT code (Cid Fernandes et al. 2005)

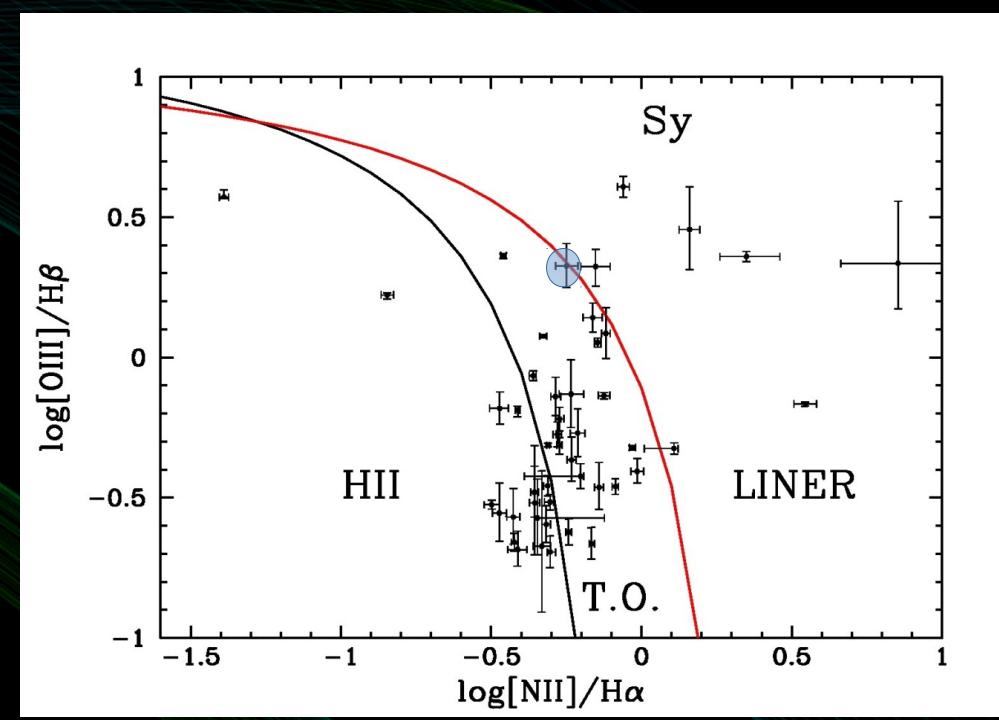
- Bruzual & Charlot (2003) SPS libraries
- 23 ages between 1Myr – 13Gyr
- 6 metallicities between 0.005 – 2.5 Z₀



Multi-component fitting with
SHERPA (Freeman et al. 2001)



- Spectroscopic Activity Classification Diagnostics
- Introducing a Probabilistic Classification Scheme



Maragkoudakis et al. (in prep.)

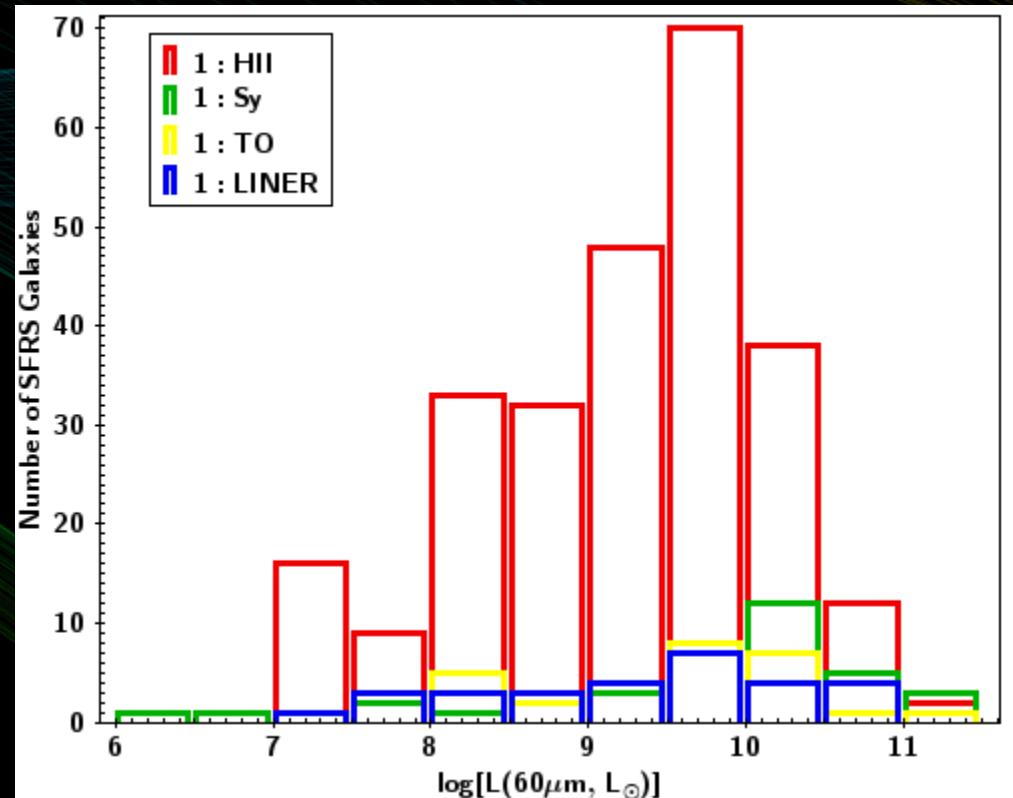
Spectroscopic Activity Classification

264 Starforming (71% of the total SFRS sample)

43 Seyfert (Sy) (12%)

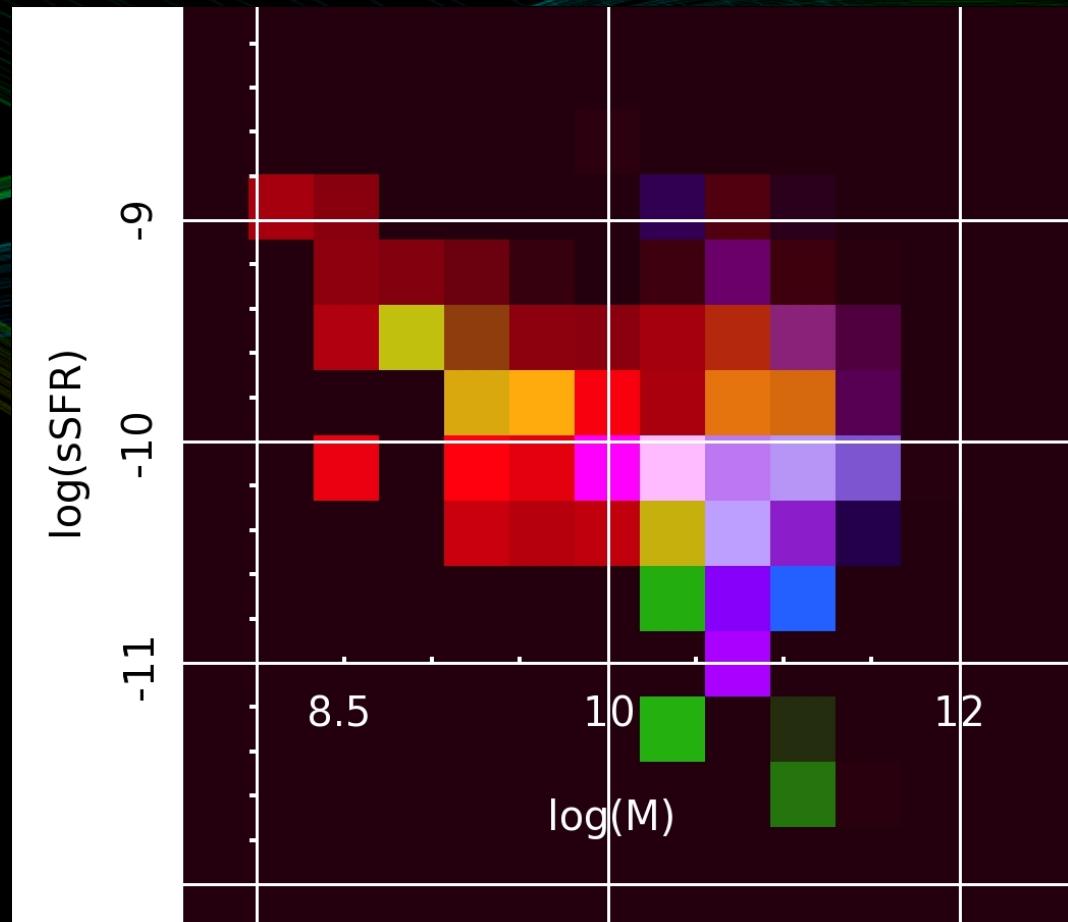
37 Transition Objects (TO) (10%)

25 LINER (7%)



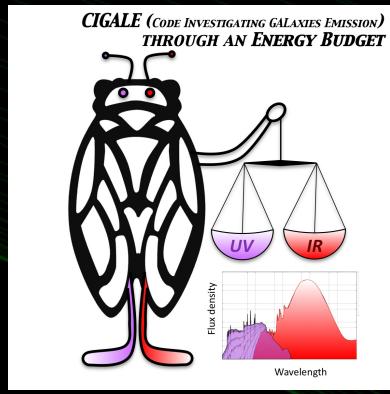
The Bi-variate sSFR – M_* Function

- Star-forming
- AGN – TO
- LINER



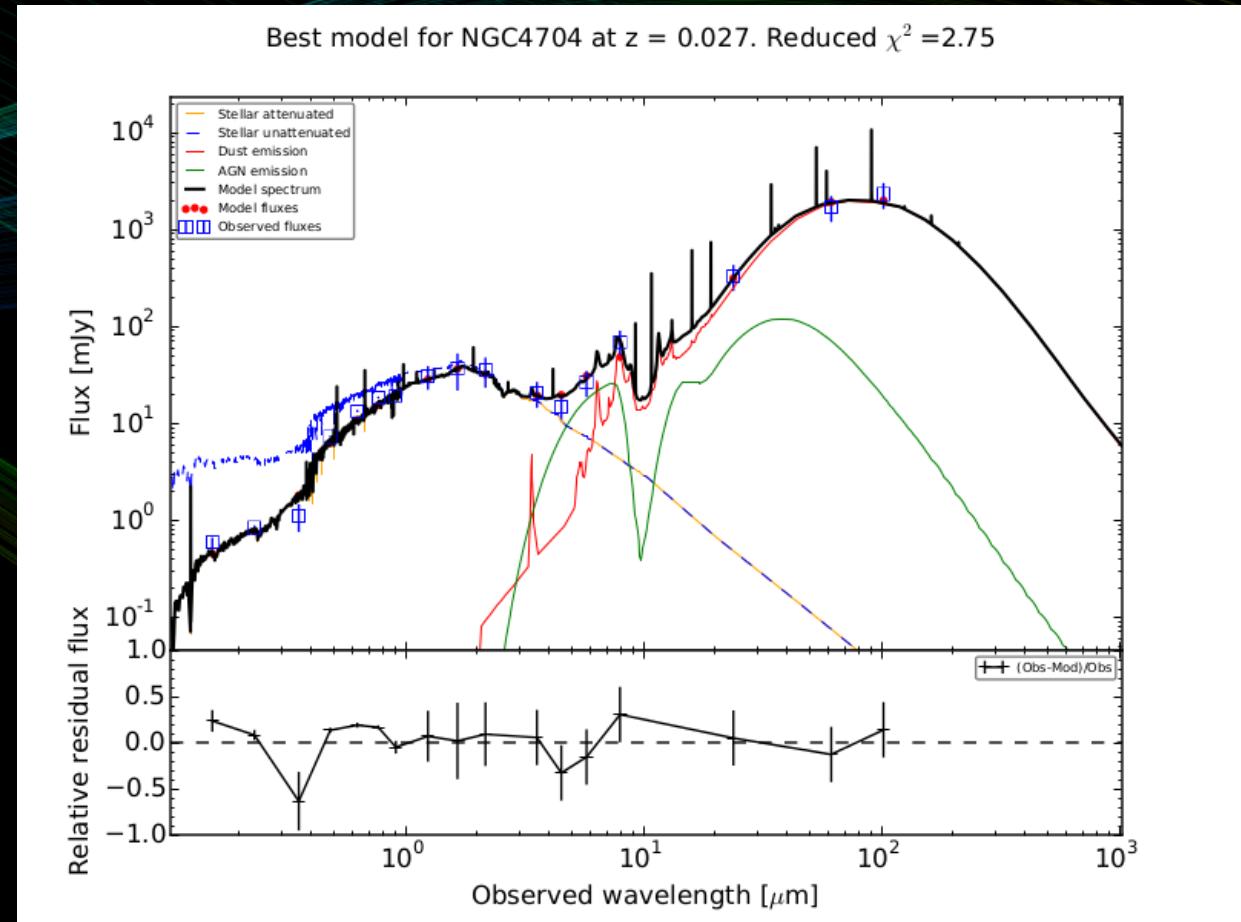
Bonfini et al. (in prep.)

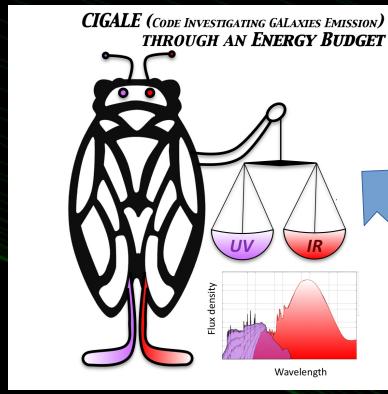
Maragkoudakis et al. (in prep.)



Using SED Fitting to Derive the AGN Fraction

- Double-exp / delayed SFH
- Bruzual and Charlot (2003) SPS libraries
- Dale et al. (2014) two component IR models
- Fritz et al. (2006) AGN models

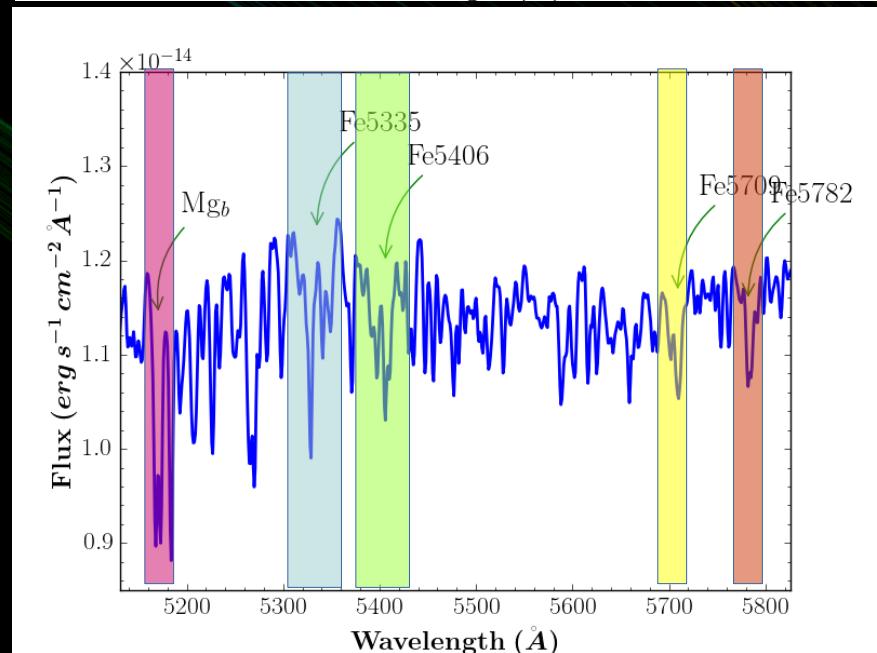
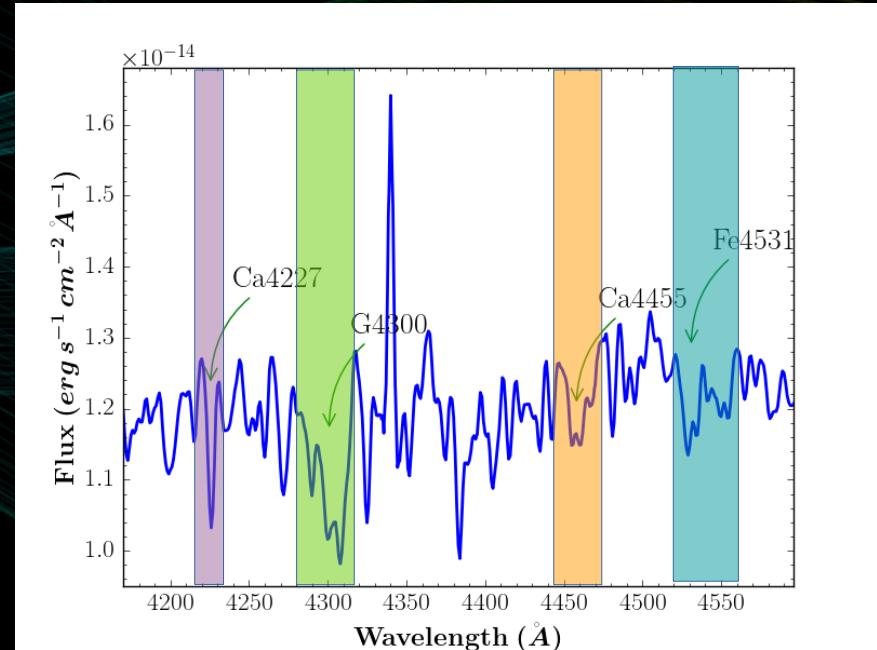




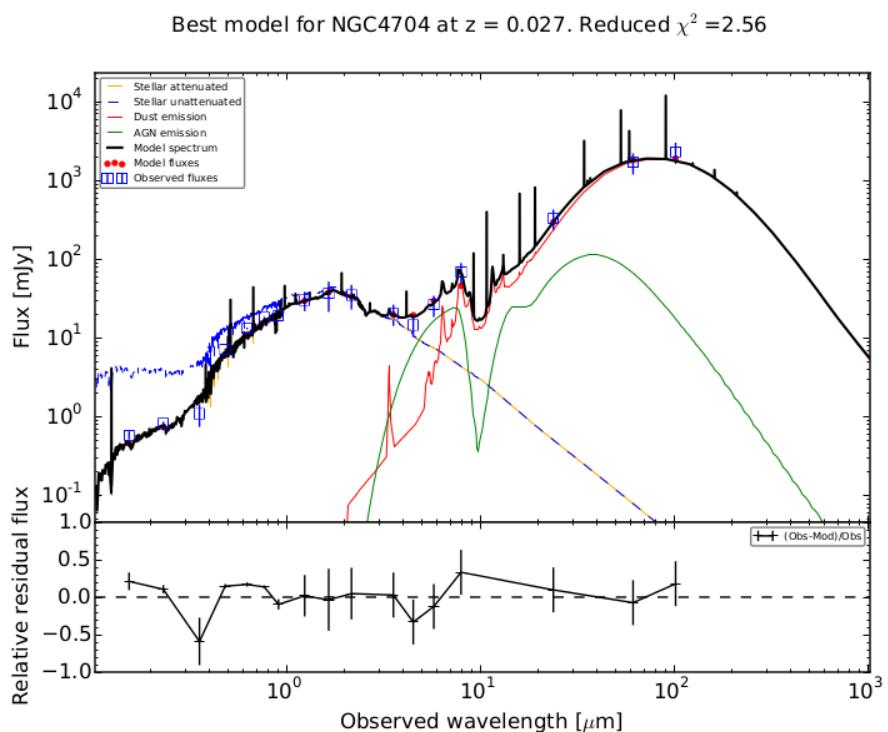
Using Spectro – Photometric SED Fitting (S – P SED)

Modified

- Using spectroscopic information in the SED fitting process to set constraints on the derived galaxy properties.
- Creating *spectral filters* from spectral lines / regions to use in the SED fitting.
- High Resolution Bruzual and Charlot (2003) SPS libraries

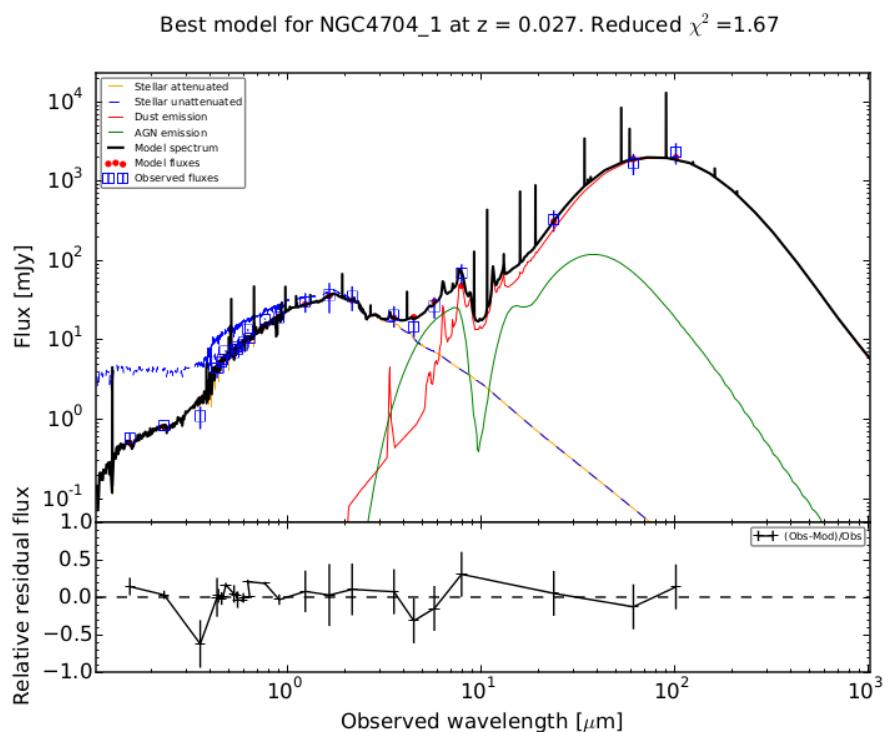


Standard SED Method

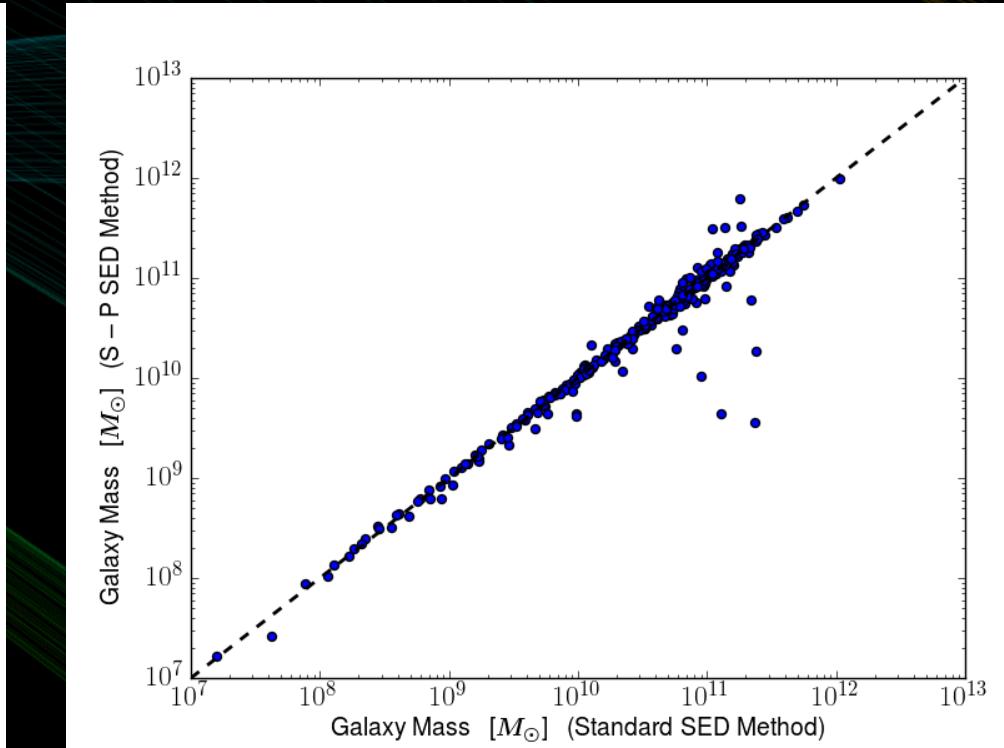
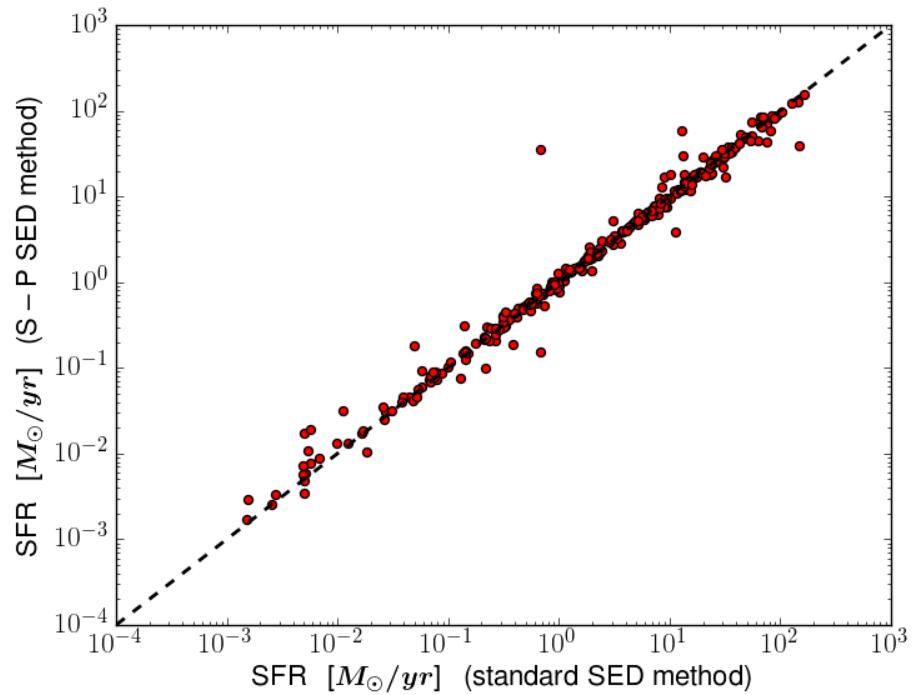


VS

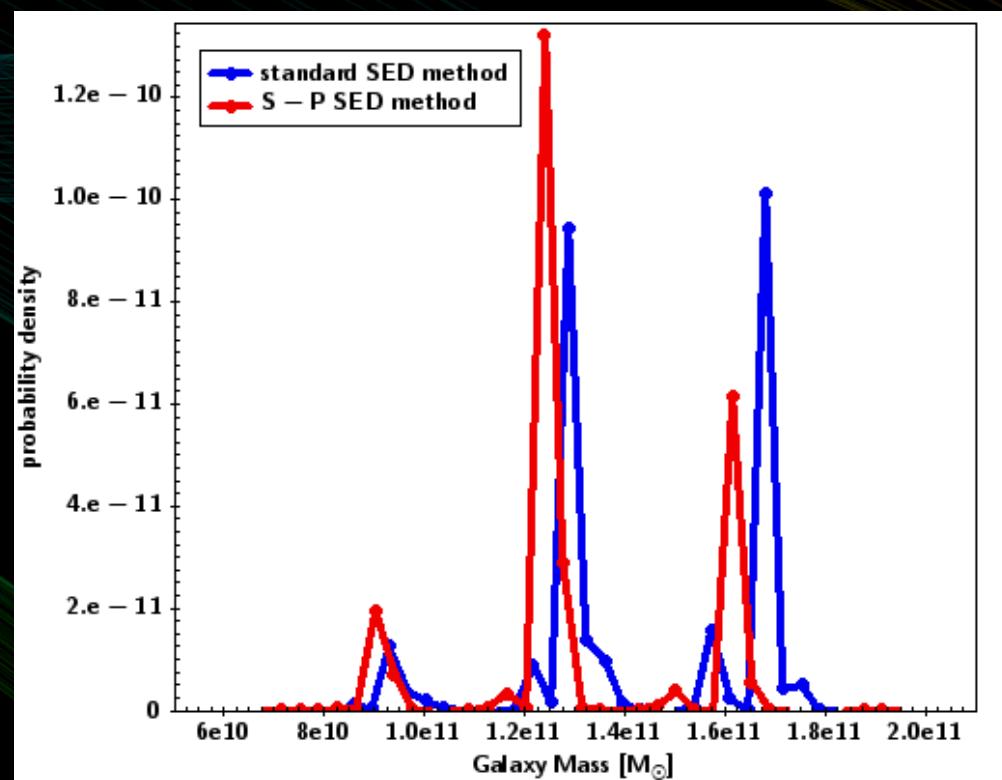
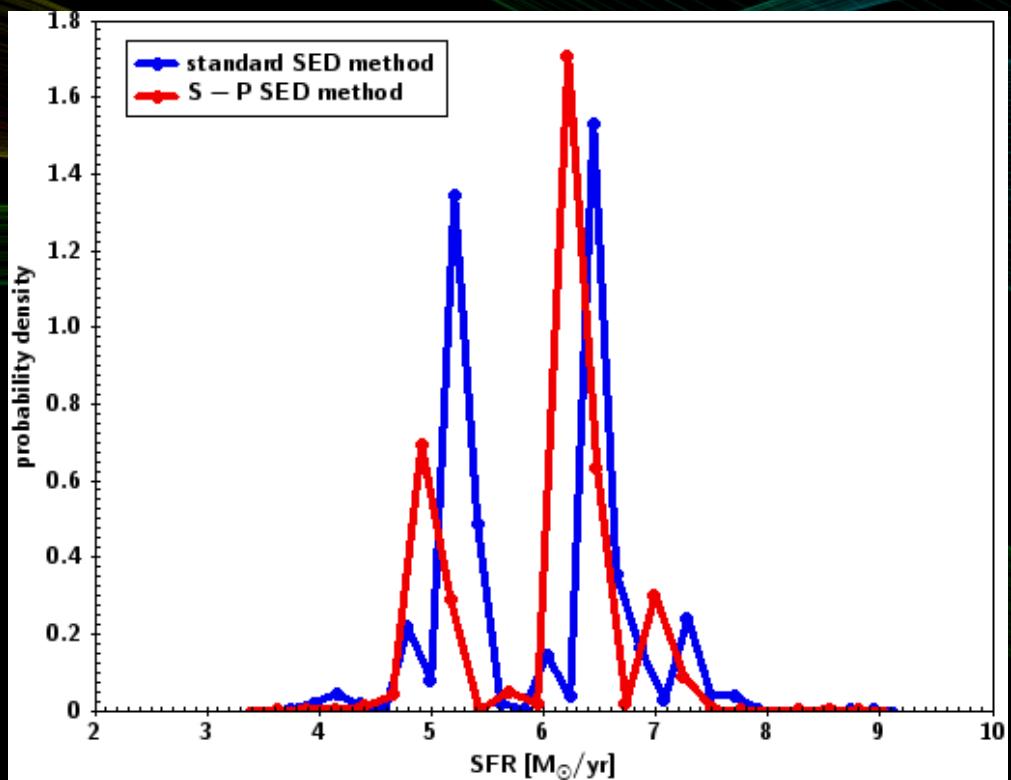
S – P SED Method



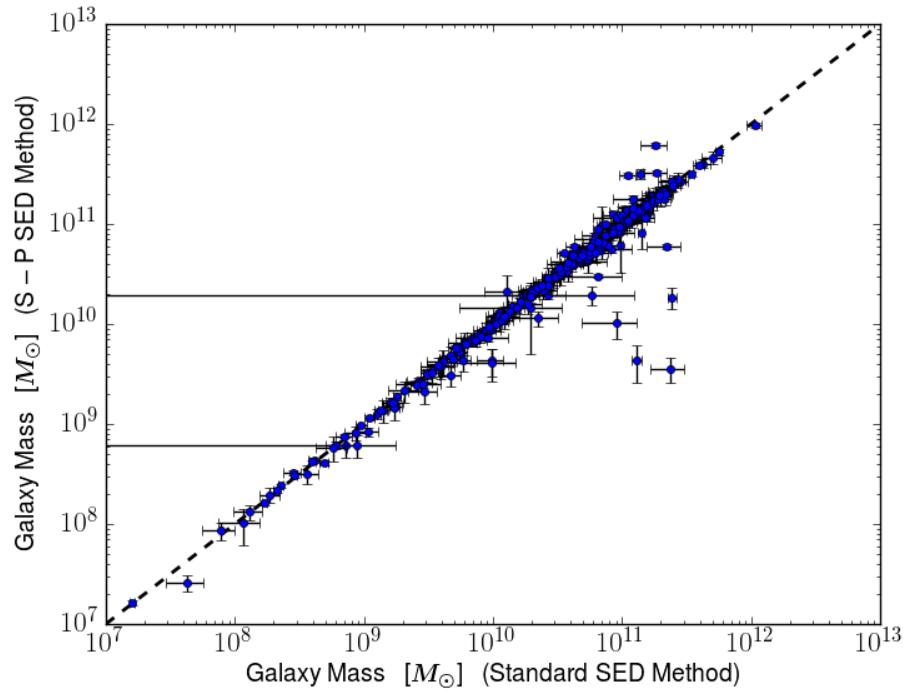
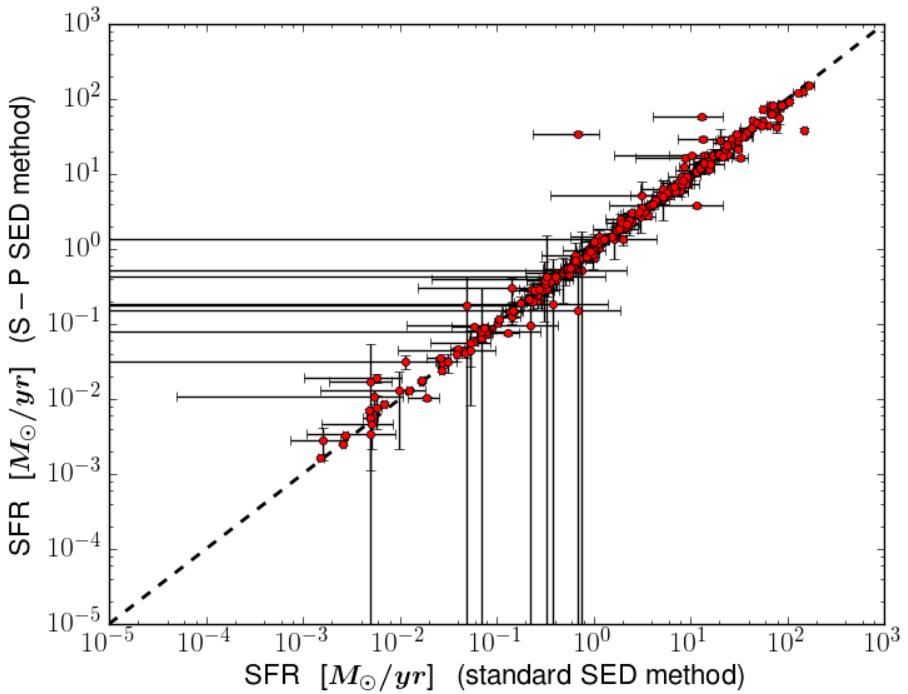
Consistency



Improvement

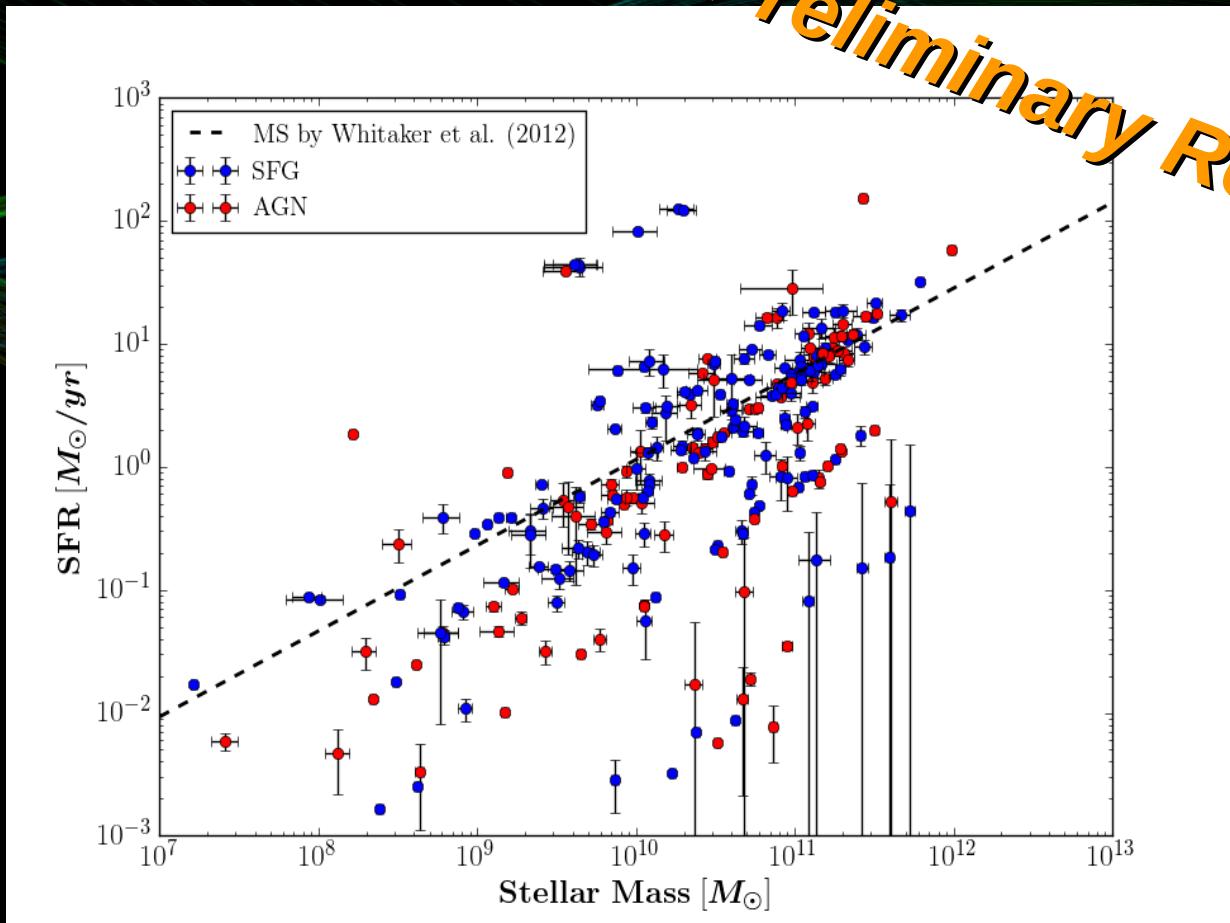


Precision



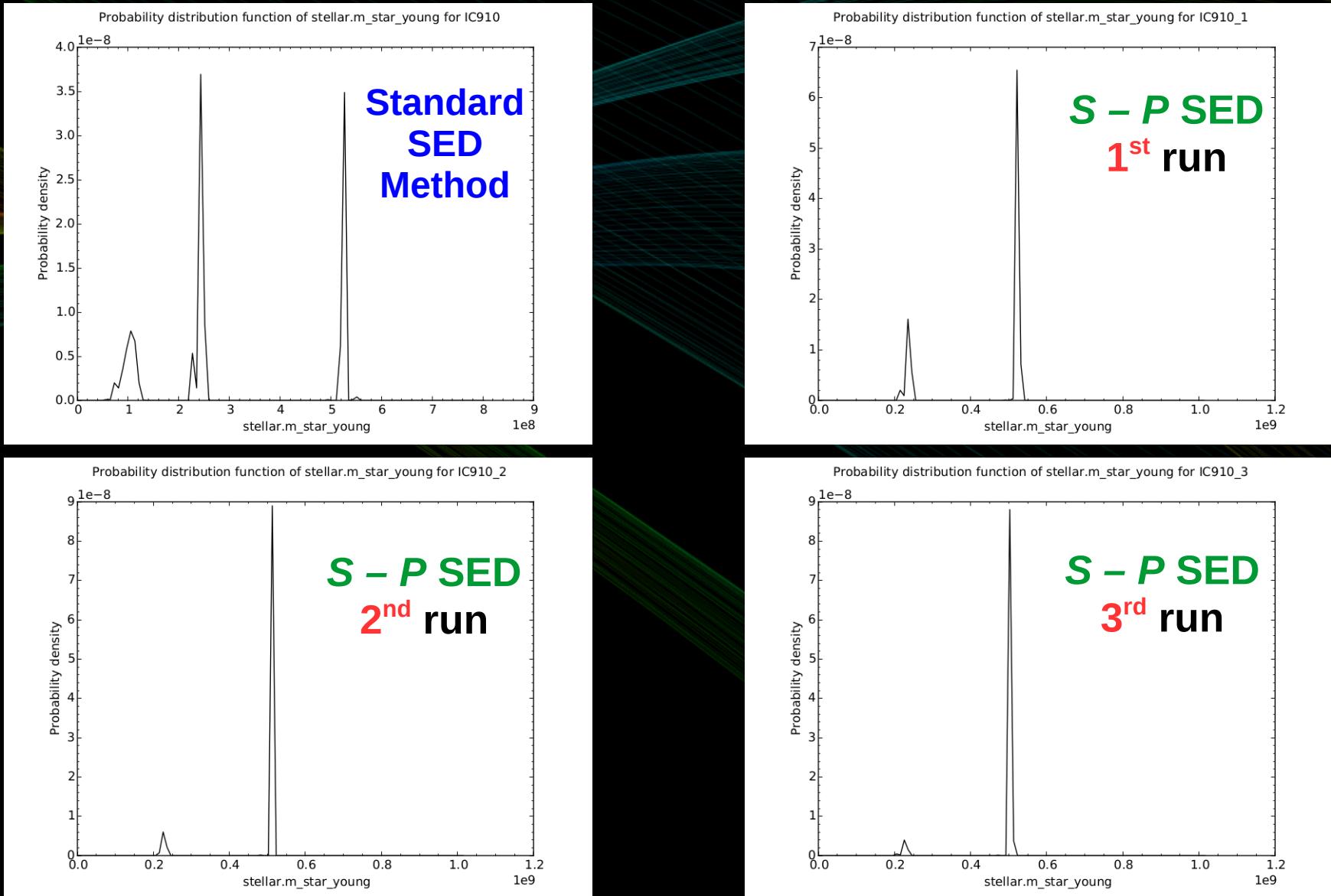
MS of SFRS galaxies at z~0.024

Preliminary Results



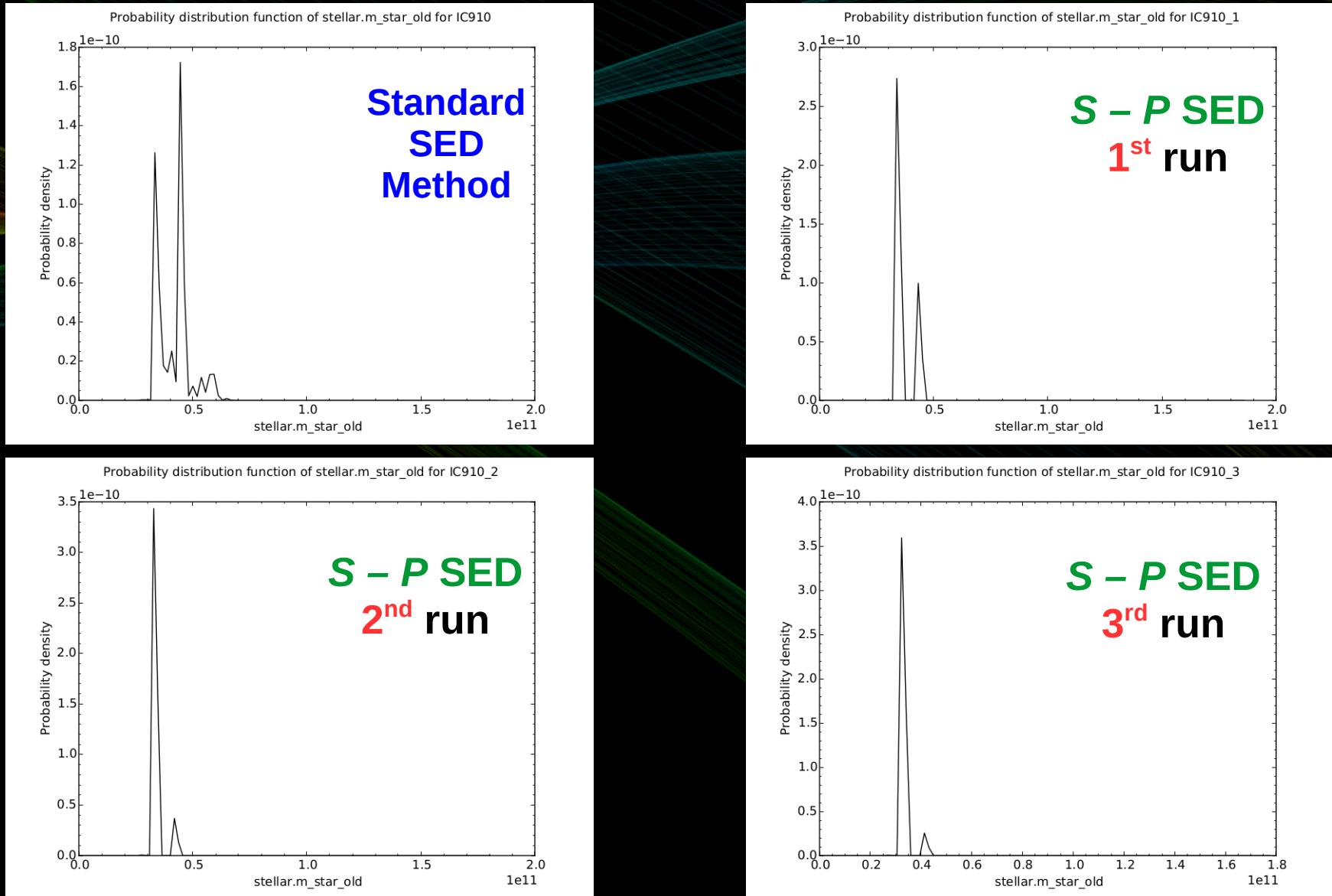
Other Parameters Improved

Stellar Mass of Young CSP



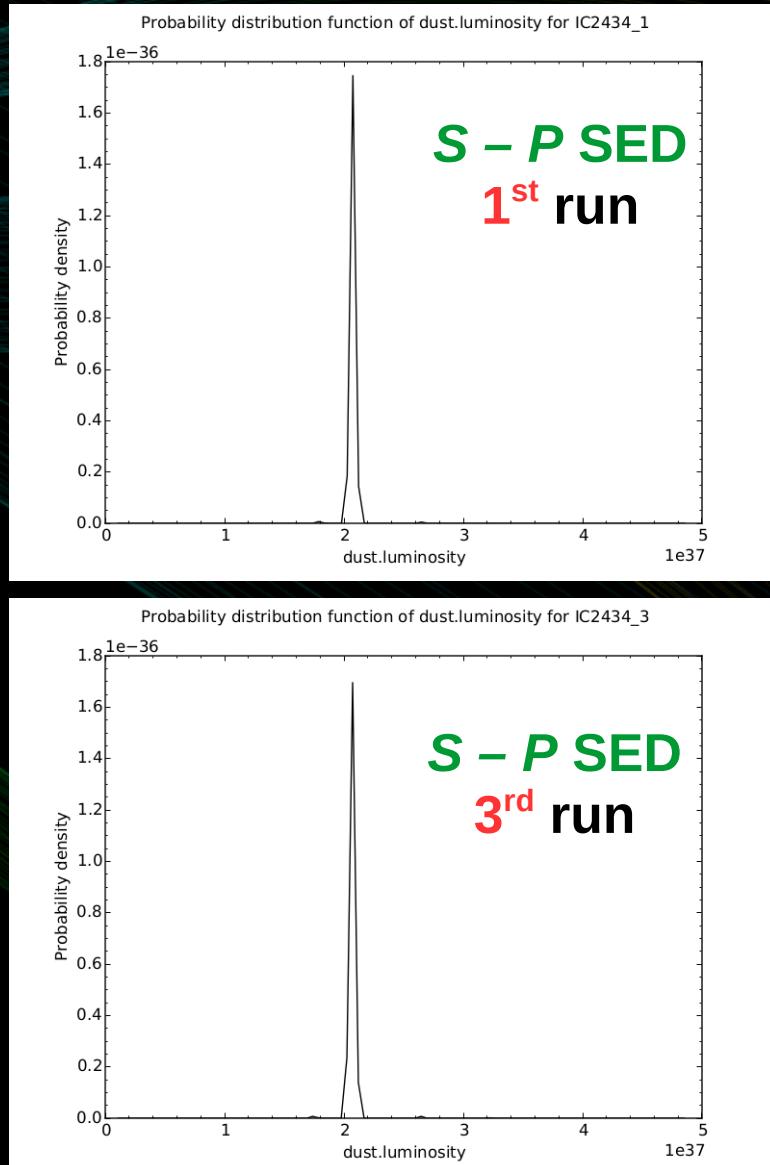
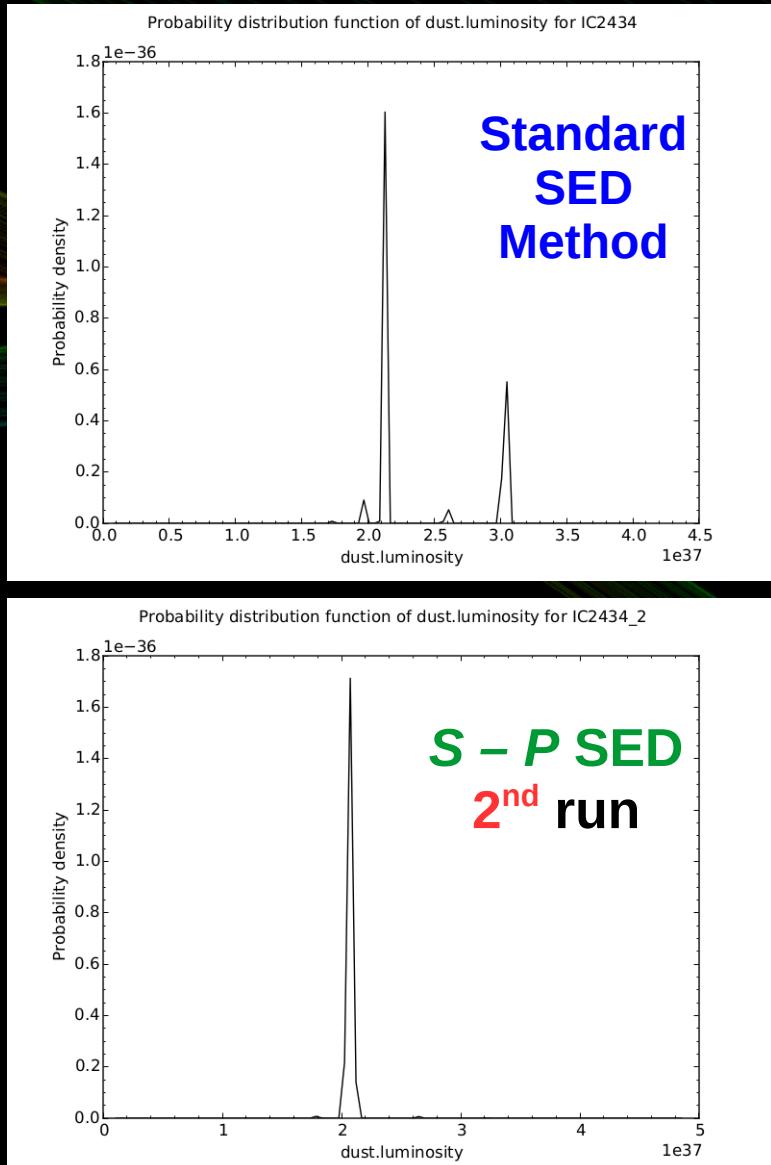
Other Parameters Improved

Stellar Mass of Old CSP



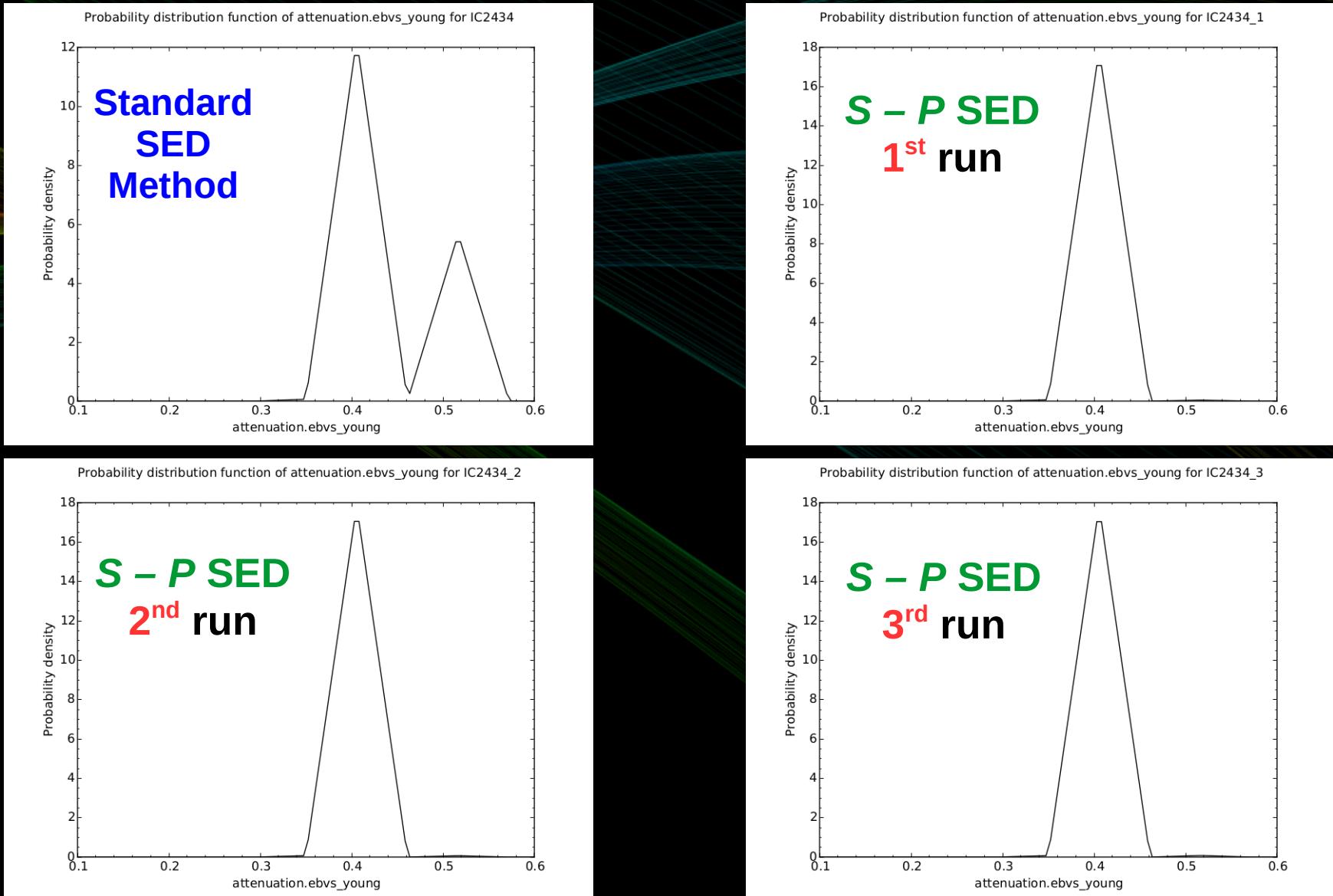
Other Parameters Improved

Dust Luminosity



Other Parameters Improved

E(B – V) of Young (and Old) Populations



Next Steps

- Cross-check the S – P SED results with *STARLIGHT* code.
- Use galaxy simulations to assess SED fitting results:
 - SFH
 - AGN fraction
 - Emission lines
- Compare results between different SED modeling codes (CIGALE / MAGPHYS).
- Recalculate the bi-variate sSFR – M_* function of the SFG and AGN – host galaxies.

Summary

- We use a **representative sample** of nearby galaxies to probe the AGN – Star formation connection.
- **Develop accurate methods** to identify activity types.
- Derive the bi-variate sSFR – M_* function for the different activity types.
- Use **Spectro – Photometric** SED fitting method that sets **better constrains** on the derived host – galaxy properties.