

Non-neutralized currents and flaring activity in solar active regions

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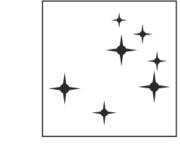
Manolis Georgoulis (RCAAM/Academy of Athens)

Sung-Hong Park and Jordan Guerra (Trinity College Dublin)



Outline

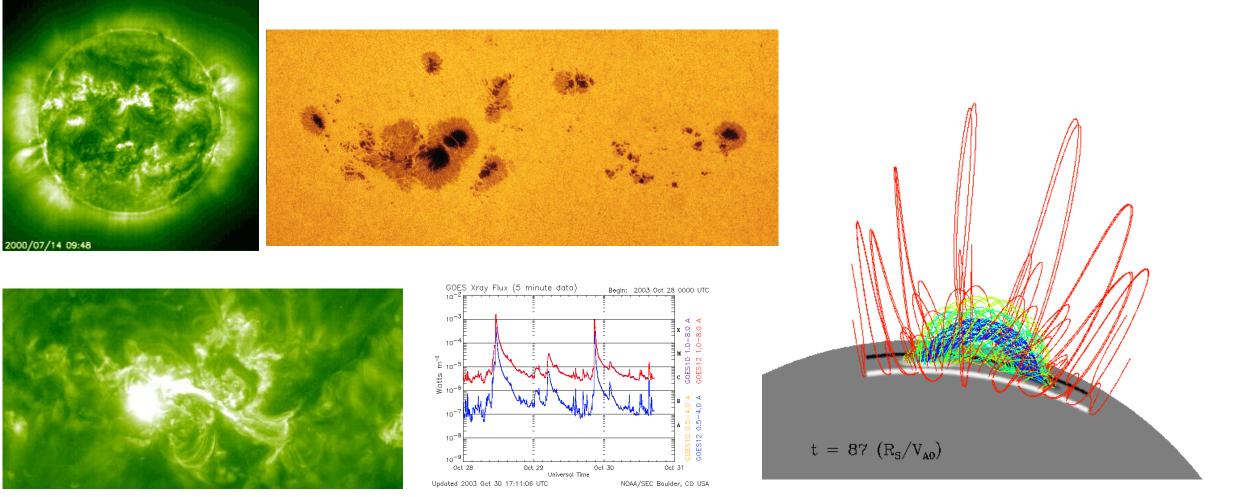
- Introduction Motivation
- Non-neutralized currents, method
- Data
- Results: Merit as predictors
- Work in progress: non-neutralized currents and CME characteristics



FLARECAST

Solar Flares

Energy is stored in the magnetic field



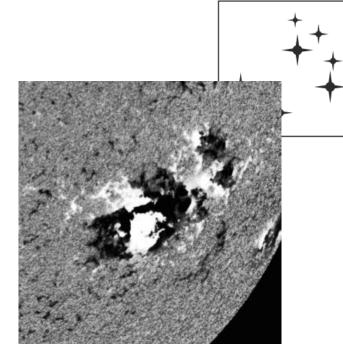
High Altitude Observatory, Boulder, CO

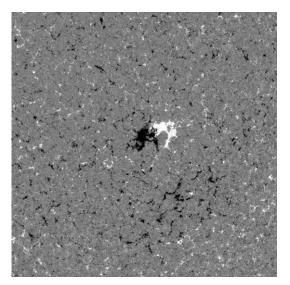


How do we predict solar flares?

- Use systematic observations of the magnetic field* of the solar disk
- <u>Parameterize</u> magnetic field complexity and measure physical quantities involved in flaring activity of active regions (AR)
- Produce <u>large samples</u> of values with the <u>associated flaring activity</u> (yes/no, flare class)
- Use statistics (Poisson, Bayesian etc) or machine learning algorithms to predict

* Or do the same with continuum/UV/X-ray observations







Why currents?





- 1 1 1 11

TOTUSJH 🛑

TOTBSQ 🔴

тотрот 🔴 TOTUSJZ 🛑 ABSNJZH 🔴

SAVNCPP

USFLUX 🛑

MEANSHR

MEANGAM

AREA_ACR

TOTFZ 🛑

MEANPOT

R_VALUE

SHRGT45

MEANGBZ MEANGBH

100

univariate score

EPSZ 🔴

MEANGBT

u uul

Bobra & Couvidat 2015

1000

1 1 1 1 1

included rejected number of features from lowest to highest univariate score Currents, shear and polarity inversion lines (b) ¹⁴⁰ 20 (a) ¹⁴⁰ 120 120 local coordinates) coordinates) 100 100 15 80 80 local 60 60 (Mm, (Mm, 40 4C \sim > 10 2011/02/15 02:00 UT 2011/02/15 02:00 UT 20 20 0 50 100 150 0 50 100 150 200 0 200 MEANJZH x (Mm, local coordinates) x (Mm, local coordinates) TOTFY 5 MEANJZD -2460 -1757 -1054 -351351 1054 1757 2460 -200.0 -142.9 -85.7 -28.6 28.6 85.7 142.9 200.0 MEANALP Bz (Gauss) Jz (mA/m2) TOTFX *Janvier*+ 2014 EPSY

0

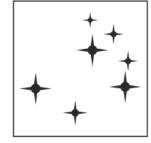
EPSX

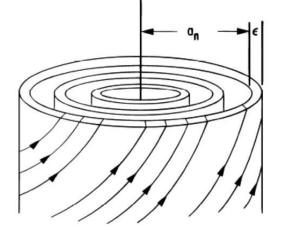
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25



Non-neutralized currents

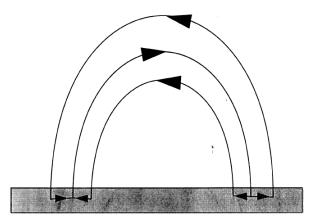




Parker 1996

Currents may build-up either by photospheric motions or due to currentcarrying emerging flux

Photospheric motions: the net current produced by twist or shear should be neutralized (zero net current per polarity) (*Melrose 1991, 1995*)

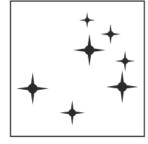


Observations show that currents are non-neutralized (Leka et al.1996, Semel & Skumanich 1998, Wheatland 2000, Falconer 2001)

Melrose, 1991

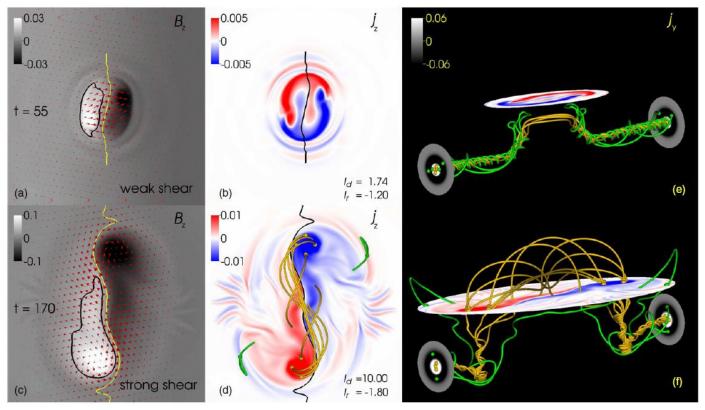


Non-neutralized currents



AR's are "born" with substantial net (nonneutralized) currents (*Török+ 2014*)

Photospheric motions can produce nonneutralized currents only in the presence of magnetic shear at PIL (*Dalmasse+ 2015*).

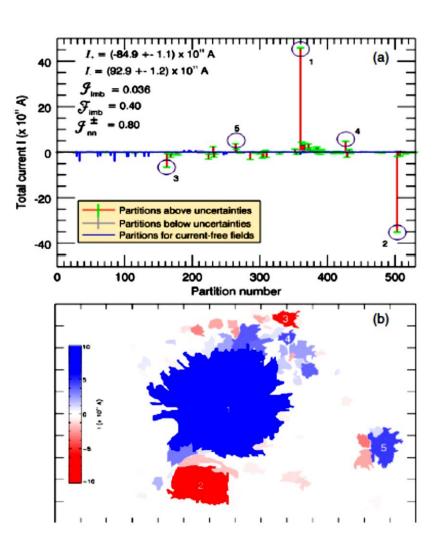


Török et al. 2014



Non-neutralized currents

Calculation based on observations



Georgoulis, Titov & Mikic, 2012

Method:

- Calculation of non-neutralized currents per partition
- Detailed error analysis and strict criteria
- Comparison between 2 AR (a flaring and a non-flaring one)

<u>Results:</u>

- Non neutralized partitions are adjacent to a PIL.
- AR are current balanced (*limb < Fimb*)
- The quiet AR exhibits 1 order of magnitude lower currents.



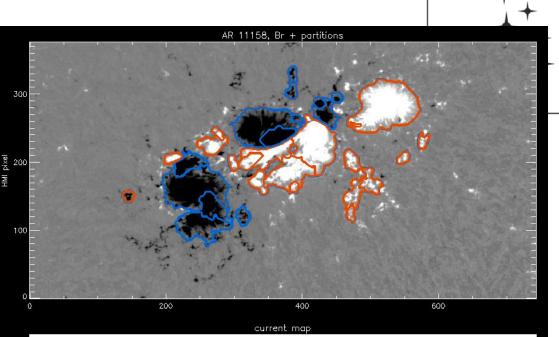
Analysis

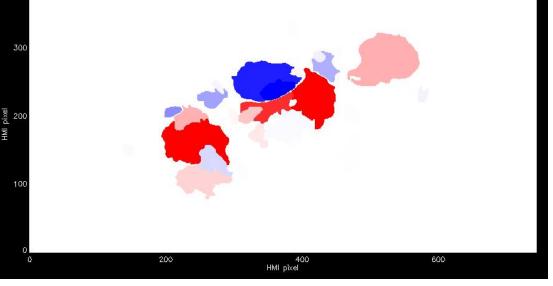
- Input: photospheric vector magnetogram
- Flux partitioning of Bz (*Barnes+2005*)

 $Bz \ thres = 100 \ G, \ Min \ Flux = 5 \ 10^{19} \ Mx, \ min \ size = 40 \ px$

- Calculation of (vertical) current for each partition (Ampére's law) with corresponding <u>errors</u>.
- Potential field extrapolation (*Alissandrakis 1981*) and re-calculate the corresponding current for the potential field.
- Characterize partition as non-neutralized only if

 $I > 5I_{pot}$ and $I > 3 \delta I$







Analysis

Create predictors:

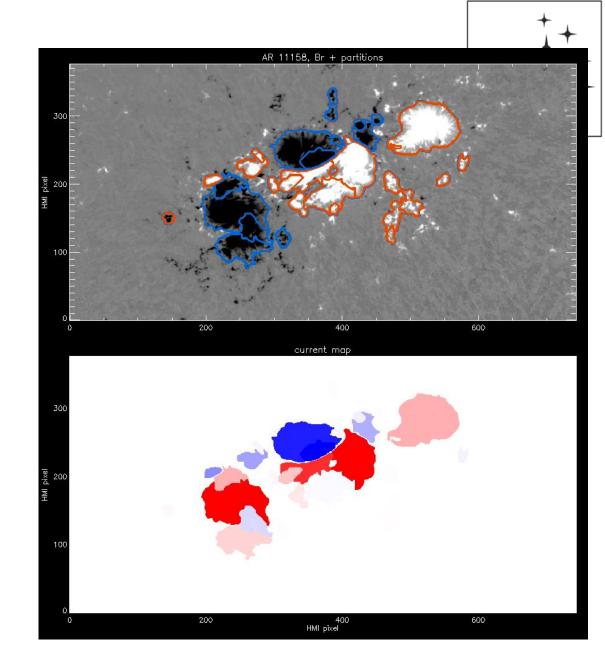
Total unsigned non-neutralized current

$$I_{NN,tot} = \sum_{i} \left| I_{i}^{NN} \right|$$

Maximum unsigned non-neutralized current

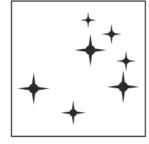
$$I_{NN,\max} = \max\{\left|I_i^{NN}\right|\}$$

 $Test \ on \ a \ statistically \ significant \ sample$

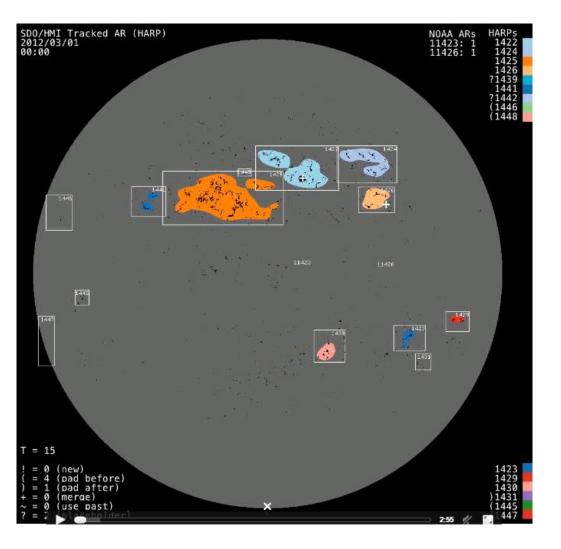




Data



SHARP: Space weather HMI Active Region Patches (Bobra+ 2014)



USFLUX	Total unsigned flux		$\Phi = \sum B_z \mathrm{d}A$	Integral	ERRVF
MEANGAM	Mean angle of field from radial	Degree	$\overline{\gamma} = \frac{1}{N} \sum \arctan(\frac{B_h}{B_z})$	Mean	ERRGAM
MEANGBT	Horizontal gradi- ent of total field	G Mm ⁻¹	$\overline{ \nabla B_{\text{tot}} } = \frac{1}{N} \sum \sqrt{(\frac{\partial B}{\partial x})^2 + (\frac{\partial B}{\partial y})^2}$	Mean	ERRBT
MEANGBZ	Horizontal gradient of vertical field	G Mm ⁻¹	$\overline{ \nabla B_z } = \frac{1}{N} \sum \sqrt{(\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial x})^2 + (\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial y})^2}$	Mean	ERRBZ
MEANGBH	Horizontal gradient of horizontal field	G Mm ⁻¹	$\overline{ \nabla B_h } = \frac{1}{N} \sum \sqrt{\left(\frac{\partial B_h}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial B_h}{\partial y}\right)^2}$	Mean	ERRBH
MEANJZD	Vertical current density	$\rm mAm^{-2}$	$\overline{J_z} \propto \frac{1}{N} \sum (\frac{\partial B_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial B_x}{\partial y})$	Mean	ERRJZ
TOTUSJZ	Total unsigned vertical current	Α	$J_{z_{\text{total}}} = \sum J_z \mathrm{d}A$	Integral	ERRUSI
MEANALP	Characteristic twist parameter, α	$M m^{-1}$	$\alpha_{\text{total}} \propto \frac{\sum J_z B_z}{\sum B_z^2}$	Mean	ERRALP
MEANJZH	Current helicity $(B_z \text{ contribution})$	$G^2 m^{-1}$	$\overline{H_c} \propto \frac{1}{N} \sum B_z J_z$	Mean	ERRMIH
TOTUSJH	Total unsigned current helicity	$G^2 m^{-1}$	$H_{c_{\text{total}}} \propto \sum B_z J_z $	Sum	ERRTUI
ABSNJZH	Absolute value of the net current helicity	$G^{2} m^{-1}$	$H_{c_{\rm abs}} \propto \sum B_z J_z $	Sum	ERRTAI
SAVNCPP	Sum of the modu- lus of the net	A	$J_{z_{\text{sum}}} \propto \sum_{z}^{B_z^+} J_z \mathrm{d}A + \sum_{z}^{B_z^-} J_z \mathrm{d}A $	Integral	ERRJHT



Data

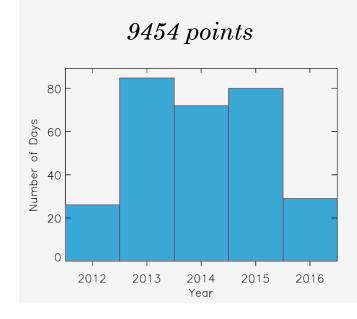
Representative sample of cycle 24 SHARP data

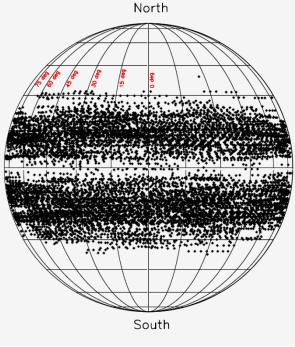
336 random days from September 2012 to May 2016 All SHARP frames with a 6 h cadence

AR time-series

NOAA	t _{start}	t _{end}	В	С	М	Х	FI
11072	2010-05-20	2010-05-24	2	0	0	0	0.06
11158	2011-02-10	2011-02-15	1	25	4	1	100.67
11429	2012-03-04	2012-03-10	0	34	12	6	278.15
11515	2012-06-28	2012-07-07	2	39	14	0	53.97
11640	2013-01-01	2013-01-05	5	4	0	0	1.81
11663	2013-01-29	2013-02-03	2	2	0	0	0.55
11748	2013-05-15	2013-05-18	0	10	4	0	31.16
11863	2013-10-10	2013-10-13	0	0	0	0	0.0
11875	2013-10-18	2013-10-28	0	81	18	2	93.60
11882	2013-10-26	2013-10-30	0	7	10	0	49.10
11923	2013-12-12	2013-12-15	0	0	0	0	0.0

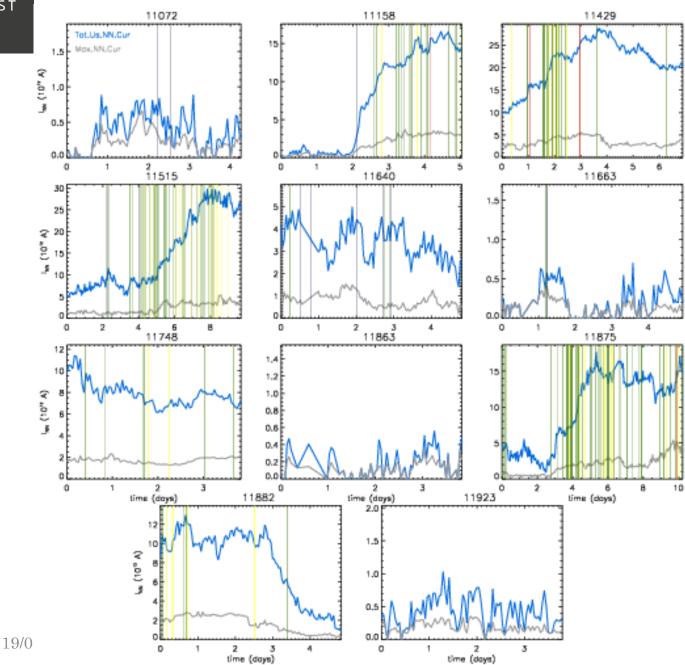
Flare association, i.e. number of C,M,X flares within 24 h from GOES catalogues (http://www.swpc.noaa.gov/)

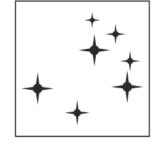




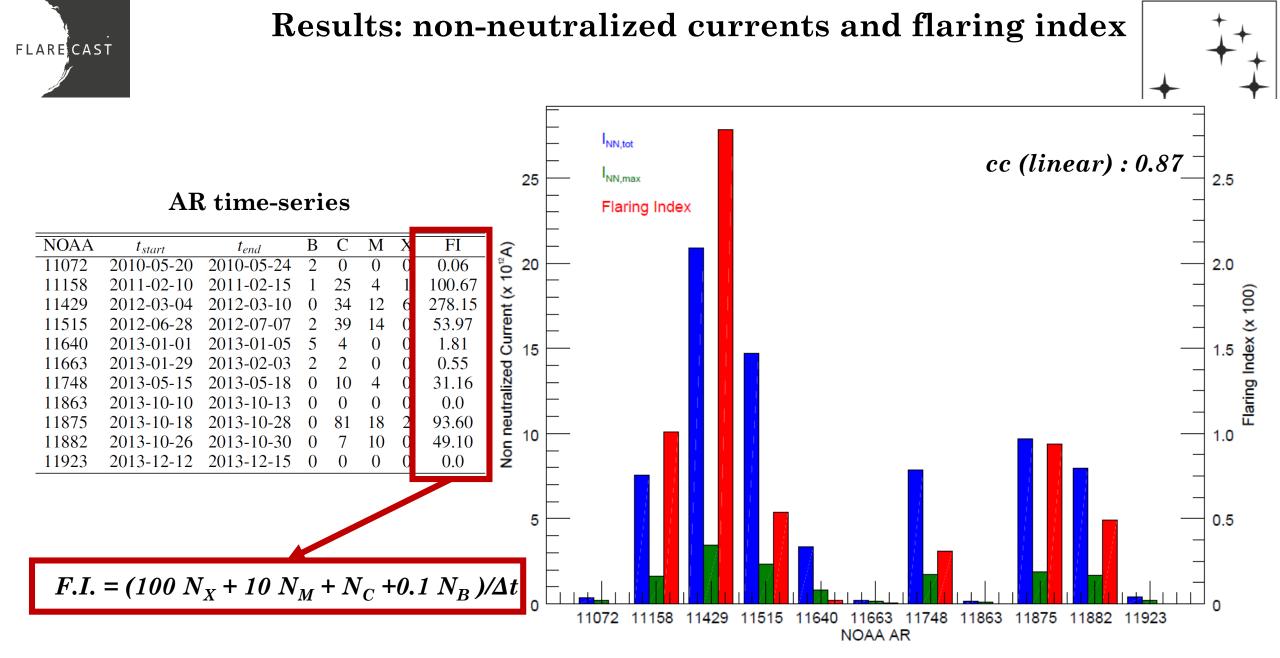
From Guerra+ in prep.

Results: active regions time-series





- More than an order of magnitude higher values of non-neutralized currents for flare productive active regions
- Evolution signifies eruptive phase
- Peaks of non-neutralized currents precede or coincide with repeated flaring activity

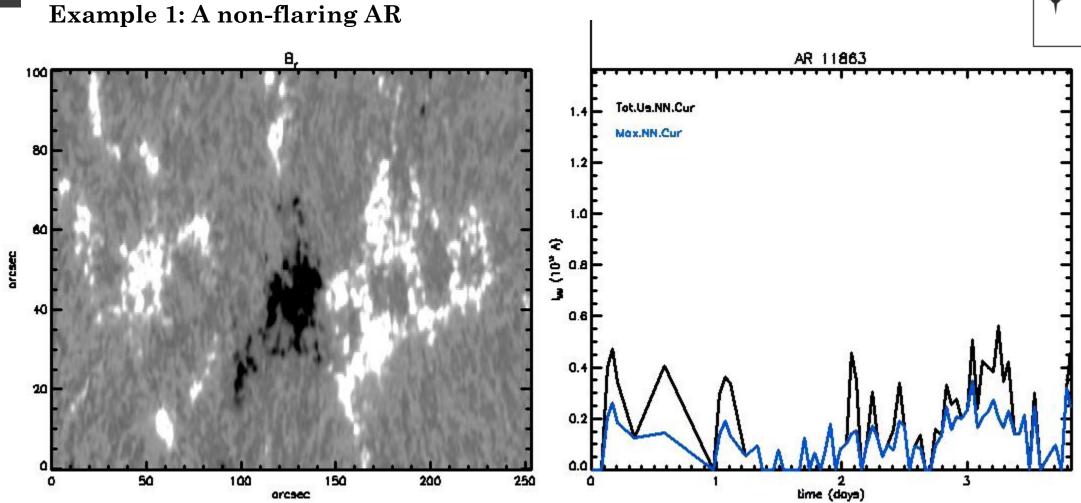


19/07/2017



$I_{NN,tot} - I_{NN,max}$ and Strong polarity inversion lines



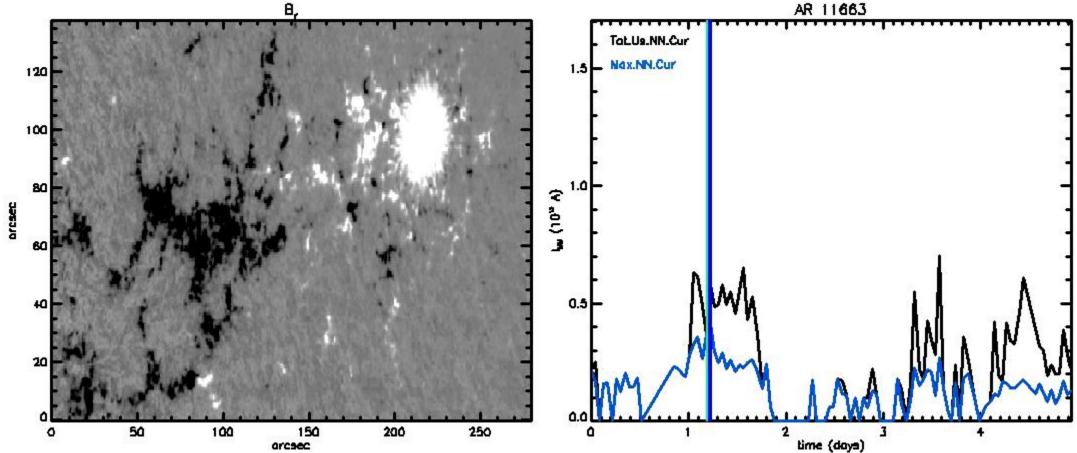




$I_{NN,tot} - I_{NN,max}$ and Strong polarity inversion lines

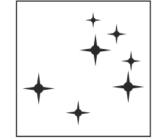


Example 2: A flaring AR

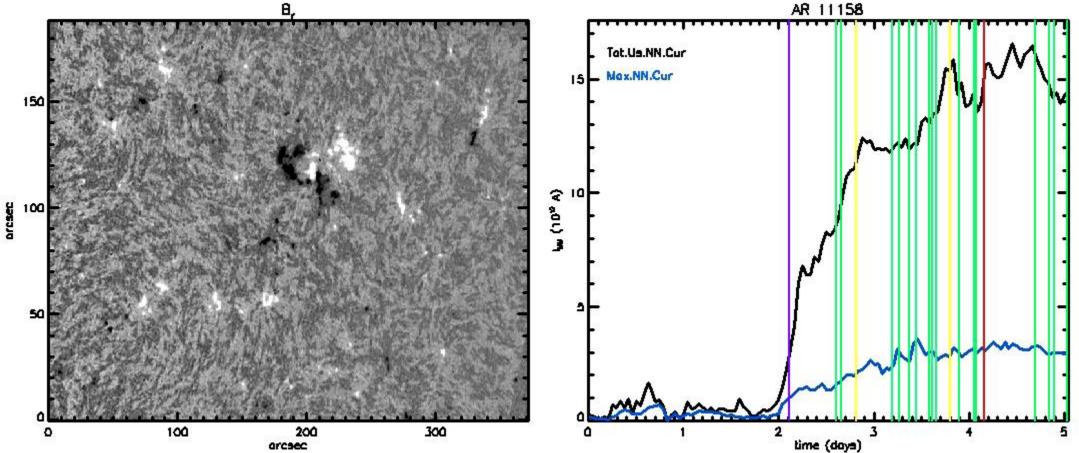




$I_{NN,tot} - I_{NN,max}$ and Strong polarity inversion lines

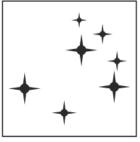


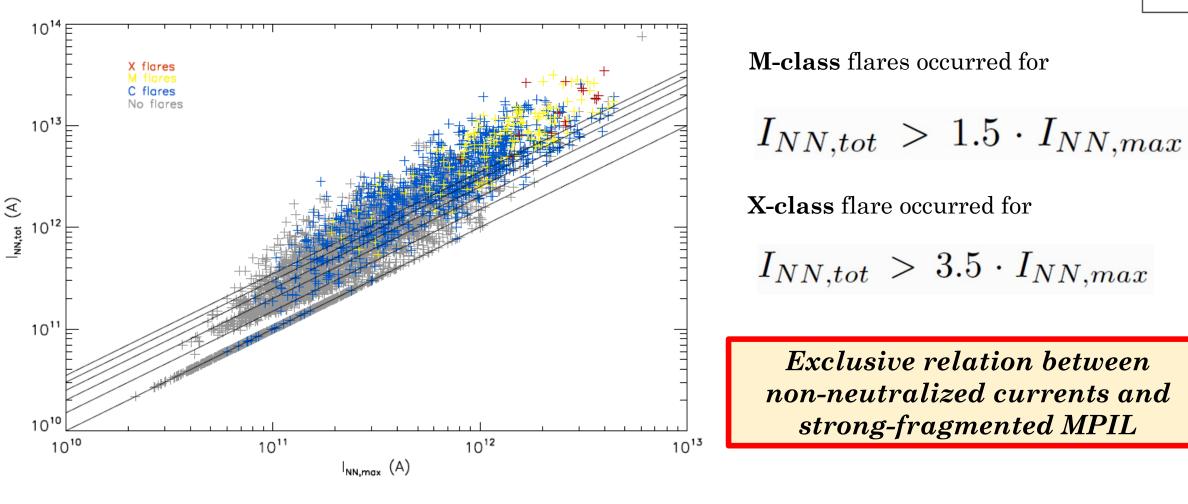
Example 3: A very productive and (in)famous AR, NOAA AR 11158





$I_{NN,tot}$ – $I_{NN,max}$ and Strong polarity inversion lines

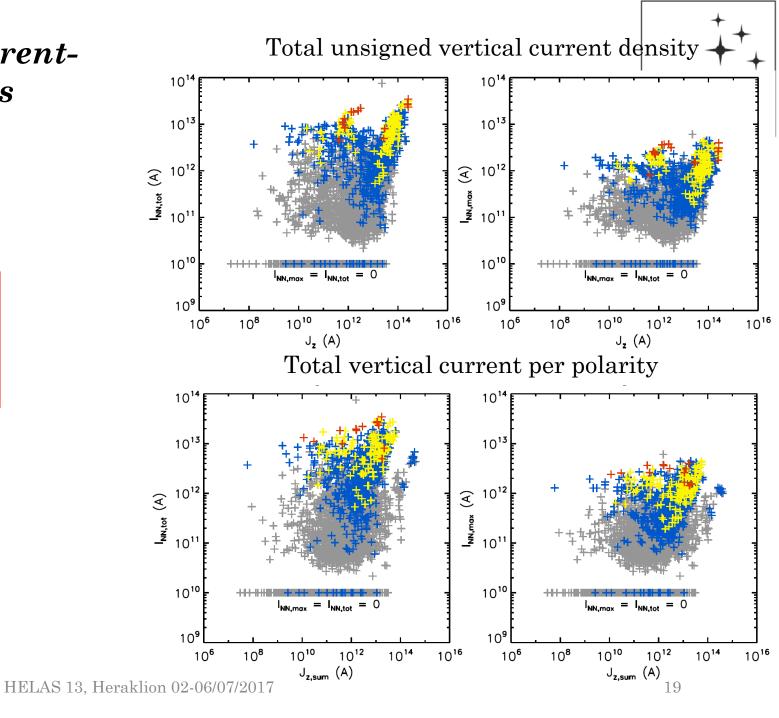






Correlations with currentrelated parameters

Non - trivial relationship between non-neutralized currents and current-related parameters





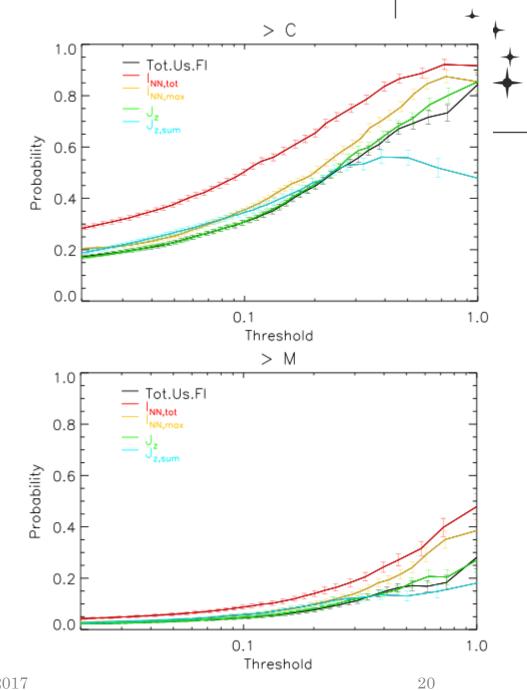
Non-neutralized currents as flare predictors

Bayesian inference of the flaring probability:

$$p = \frac{F+1}{N+2} \qquad \delta p = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{N+3}}$$

For a given threshold of a **predictor** R:

F: Flaring AR with *R* > *Rthres* N: total number of AR with *R* > *Rthres*





Correlation with CME properties – Preliminary results

Event Type	Start Time	e (UT)	Associate	ed Instrume	<u>at</u>	<u>Peak Time</u>	E	nd Time	Class	Source Locati	on Active	Region Numbe	er Directly Linked Event	<u>(s)</u>	
Solar Flare 2012-09-27 23:36		23:36	GOES15: SEM/XRS 1.0-8.0		-8.0 201	2012-09-27T23:57Z		2012-09-28T00:34Z C3.7		N09W26	11577		2012-09-28T02:25:00-CME 2012-09-28T02:47:00-SEP-0 STEREO A: IMPACT 13-10 2012-09-28T03:00:00-SEP-0 GOES13: SEM/EPS >10 Mc 2012-09-28T05:21:00-SEP-0 STEREO B: IMPACT 13-10		NKI data CO CMF
Solar Flare	2012-10-20			EM/VDS 10			2nd-order	0 20719-107	M0 1	\$1200					
Solar Flare	2012-10-22	App	irst C2 pearance Time [UT]	Central PA [deg]	Angular Width [deg]	Linear Speed [km/s]	Speed at final height [km/s]	2nd-order Speed at 20 Rs [km/s]	Accel [m/s ²]	Mass [gram]	Kinetic Energy [erg]	MPA [deg]	Movies, plots, & links	Remarks	
Solar Flare			/01 00:12:05	135	33	141	129	<u> </u>	-2.4	*1 3.4e+14	3.3e+28	136	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Only C2	
Solar Flare	2012-11-00	2014/02	/01 03:48:05	71	37	<u>301</u>	337	473	6.4	*1 5.9e+14	2.7e+29	77 🤇	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Poor Event	
	2012-11-13	2014/02	/01 04:00:05	80	218	<u>203</u>	249	311	2.9	0*1 2.0e+15*2	4.1e+29*2	112	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Partial Halo	
Solar Flare		2014/02	/01 11:12:05	93	152	2 <u>297</u>	348	388	3.8	3*1 1.9e+15*2	8.5e+29*2	90 🤇	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Partial Halo	• NOA
Solar Flare	2012-11-21	2014/02	/01 20:36:06	84	80	310	414	<u>497</u>	8.6	5*1 1.2e+14	5.9e+28	47 🤇	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Poor Event	1101
Solar Flare	e 2013-03-1	<u>2014/02</u>	/02 02:24:05	180	19	278	282	<u>290</u>	0.4	*1		188 🤇	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Poor Event	-
		<u>2014/02</u>	/02 02:24:05	57	25	<u>438</u>	<u>508</u>	<u>964</u>	32.8	s*1 5.9e+13	5.6e+28	48 🤇	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Poor Event; Only C2	• Ever
		<u>2014/02</u>	/02 03:24:05	101	16	5 <u>505</u>	<u>393</u>	<u>0</u>	-59.9)*1		101	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Poor Event; Only C2	
		-	/02 06:48:36	94	132	2 <u>230</u>	235	242	0.3	^{*1} 2.2e+15 ^{*2}	5.8e+29*2	84 🤇	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Partial Halo	01
Solar Flare	2013-04-11	2014/02	/02 08:48:06	261	258	s <u>591</u>	<u>552</u>	<u>571</u>	-2	2.9 1.1e+16*2	1.9e+31*2	235 🤇	<u>C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie</u>	Partial Halo	Clea
		2014/02	/02 17:24:05	208	143	<u>463</u>	<u>569</u>	<u>512</u>	5	5.2 2.2e+15*2	2.4e+30*2	224 🤇	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Partial Halo	
Solar Flare	2013-05-03		/02 23:48:05	120	30	<u>199</u>	<u>181</u>	<u>0</u>	-6.4	*1 8.6e+13	1.7e+28	123 🤇	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Poor Event; Only C2	• HAF
Solar Flate		2014/02	/03 08:00:05	185	67		<u>209</u>		-0.1		2.3e+29	184 🤇	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie		• IIAI
Solar Flare	2013-05-13	2014/02	/03 08:24:05	93	113		255		-16.0		1.0e+30		C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie		
		2014/02	/03 11:24:06	91	81		255	<u>392</u>	5.0		2.1e+29		C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Poor Event	Avoi
Solar Flare	2013-05-13	2014/02		192	78		222	85	-4.6		5.4e+29		C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie		11001
	2015-05-1	2014/02	/03 20:24:05	59	33		430	<u>994</u>	39.8		9.9e+28		C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Poor Event; Only C2	
			/03 21:24:05	186	60		<u>140</u>		-13.0		1.4e+29		C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie		
			<u>/04</u> 01:25:46	233	181		457	501	-4.4		9.6e+30*2		C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	L	
			<u>/04</u> 08:48:05	126	89		213	<u>0</u>	-9.0		1.9e+29		C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie		
			/04 12:24:05	57	29		220		-11.3		1.3e+28		C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie		
			<u>/04 16:36:06</u>	250			339	323	-2.2		1.2e+30*2		C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	l	
			/ <u>04</u> <u>17:48:06</u>	304	51		225		2.6		8.9e+28		C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	l	
		2014/02	/04 19:48:05	219	127	<u>294</u>	<u>306</u>	<u>317</u>	(0.8 1.6e+14*2	6.7e+28*2	218	C2 C3 195 PHTX DST Java Movie	Partial Halo	

Gopalswamy+ 2009

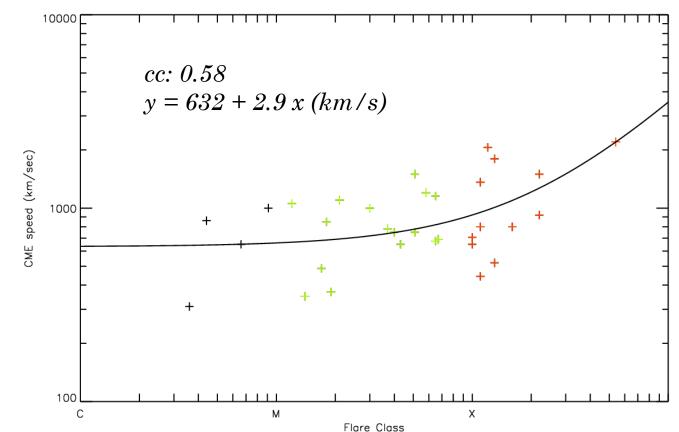
a base E database

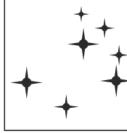
- AA AR
- ents registered on both lists
- ar source association
- RP data that contain only one AR
- oid highly deformed regions



4

FLARE TIME START	CLASS	NOAA AR	speed
2013-04-11T06:55:00.000	M6.5	11719	675.00
2013-11-08T04:20:00.000	X1.1	11890	444.00
2013-11-10T05:08:00.000	X1.1	11890	800.00
2014-01-07T18:02:00.000	X1.2	11944	2061.0
2014-02-11T03:22:00.000	M1.7	11974	488.0
2014-03-29T17:36:00.000	X1.0	12017	707.00
2014-04-25T00:17:00.000	X1.3	12035	521.0
2015-06-18T16:33:00.000	M3.0	12371	1000.0
2015-06-22T17:39:00.000	M6.5	12371	1155.0
2015-11-04T13:30:00.000	M3.7	12443	780.0
2015-12-28T11:20:00.000	M1.8	12473	850.0
2015-03-09T23:29:00.000	M5.8	12297	1200.0
2015-03-11T16:11:00.000	X2.2	12297	1500.0
2014 - 10 - 24T07:37:00.000	M4.0	12192	750.0
2014 - 11 - 07T16:53:00.000	X1.6	12205	800.0
2011-02-15T01:44:00.000	X2.2	11158	920.0
2012-03-05T03:30:00.000	X1.1	11429	1363.0
2012-03-07T00:02:00.000	X5.4	11429	2200.0
2012-03-07T01:05:00.000	X1.3	11429	1800.0
2013-10-28T01:41:00.000	X1.0	11875	650.0
2013-10-22T21:15:00.000	M4.3	11875	650.0
2013-10-28T04:32:00.000	M5.1	11875	750.0
2015-03-10T03:19:00.000	M5.1	12297	1500.0
2015-03-15T01:15:00.000	C9.1	12297	1000.0
2015-08-21T09:34:00.000	M1.4	12403	350.0
2015-08-22T06:39:00.000	M1.2	12403	1057.0
2015-09-20T17:32:00.000	M2.1	12415	1100.0
2015-10-22T02:13:00.000	C4.4	12434	861.0
2015-11-04T03:20:00.000	M1.9	12445	369.0
2015 - 12 - 01T07 : 59 : 00.000	C3.6	12458	310.0
2015-12-16T08:34:00.000	C6.6	12468	650.0
2016-04-18T00:14:00.000	M6.7	12529	689.0

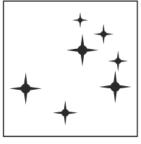


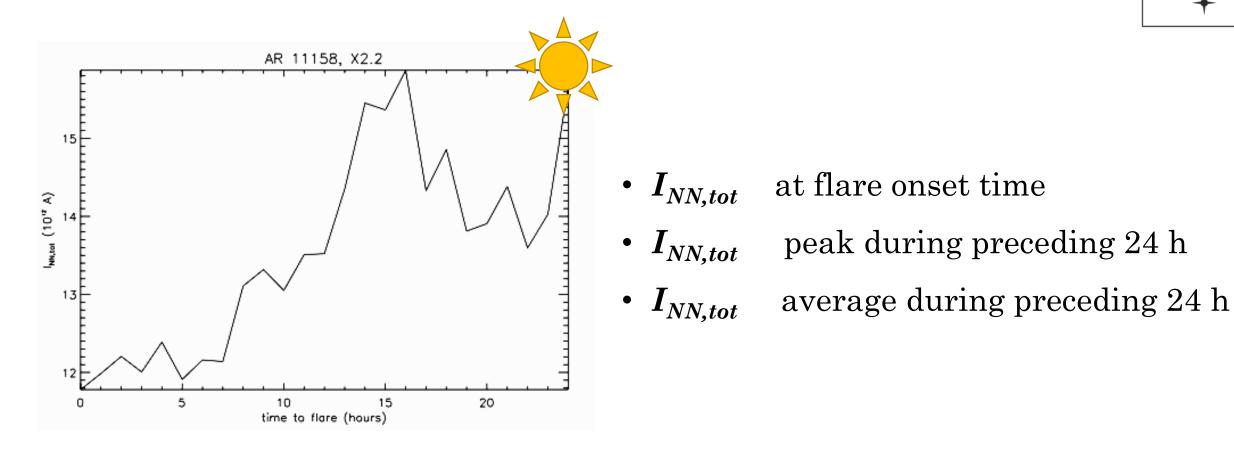


Correlation with CME properties – Preliminary results FLARE CAST 10⁵ 1996-2015 18333 CMEs m2 10 EJ CME Number with Speed > V GM DH ALL events 10³ MC GLE S 10² ALL: 450 km/s Halo m2: 611 km/s MC: 782 km/s SEP EJ: 955 km/s S: 966 km/s 10¹ GM: 1007 km/s Halo: 1089 km/s DH: 1194 km/s 500 1000 1500 2000 SEP: 1557 km/s CME speed (km/s) GLE: 2000 km/s 10⁰ Linear speed threshold at 700 km/s 100 1000 more "interesting" events V [km/s] Gopalswamy 2016

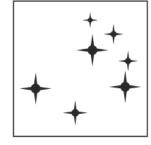
Impulsive CME's (Sheeley et al. 1999)

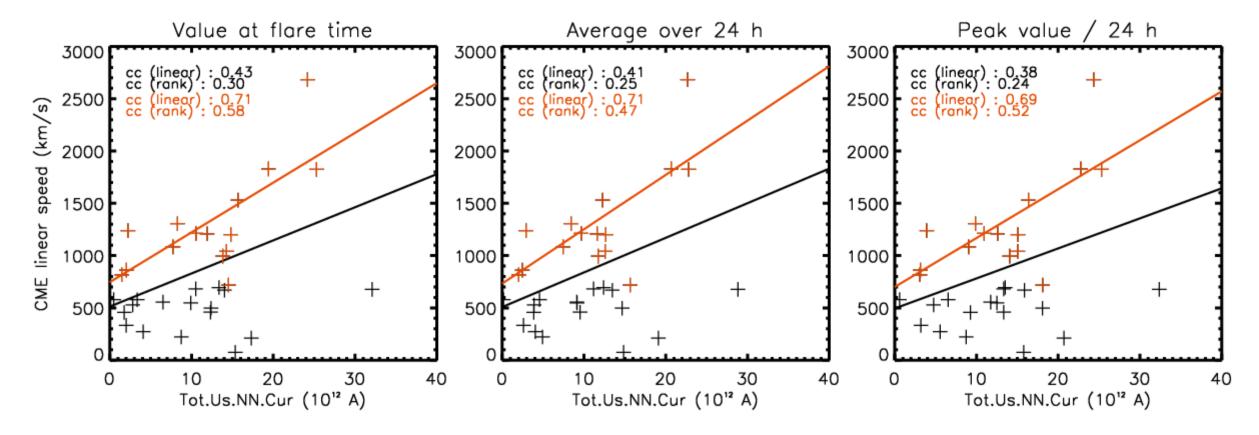




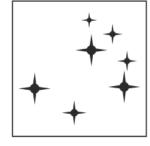


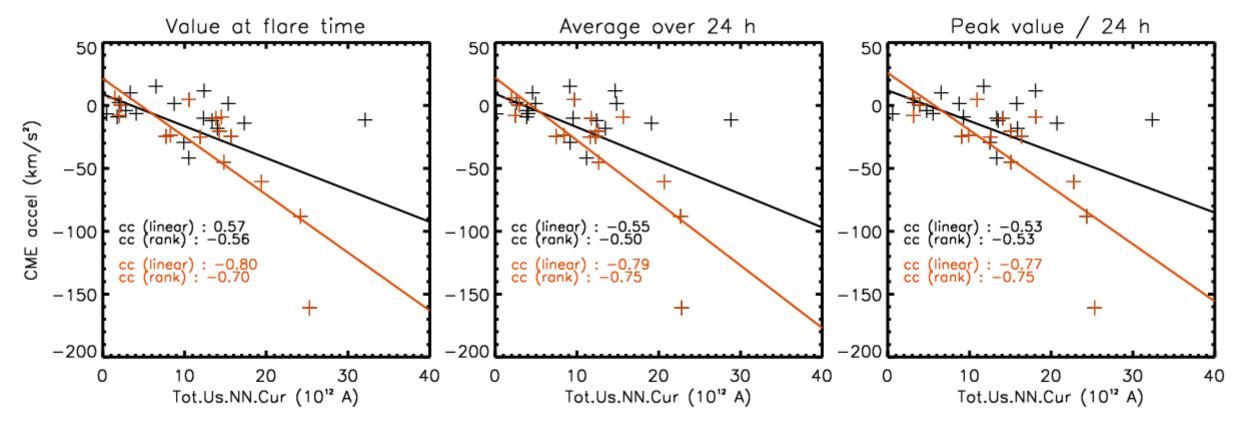
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Conclusions – future work/in progress

• Exclusive relation between non-neutralized currents and MPIL formation

I_{NN,tot} = 0 for AR without strong PILs

- Very good correlation between non-neutralized currents and flaring index
- $I_{NN,tot}$ and $I_{NN,max}$ produce better flaring probabilities than the total flux.
- $I_{NN,tot}$ produces better flaring probabilities than other current-related predictors
- Good correlation with CME properties (speed, acceleration, kinetic energy)

<u>Future</u>

- Ongoing work, involve more predictors!
- Future work: explore evolution of non-neutralized currents, develop more predictors

Kontogiannis, Georgoulis, Park & Guerra 2017 SoPh submitted





FLARECAST

Flare Likelihood And Region Eruption foreCASTing THE FULLY AUTOMATED SOLAR FLARE FORECASTING SYSTEM

A Horizon2020 PROTEC (Protection of our Assets in Space) Research and Innovation Action

HELAS 13, Heraklion 02-06/07/2017

19/07/2017